# Before the COPYRIGHT ROYALTY BOARD LIBRARY OF CONGRESS Washington, D.C.

In the Matter of:

The Digital Performance Right | in Sound Recordings and | Ephemeral Recordings |

(Webcasting Rate Adjustment Proceeding)

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Volume 42

Room LM-414 Library of Congress First Street and Independence Avenue, S.E. Washington, D.C. 20540

Tuesday, November 21, 2006

The above-entitled matter came on for hearing, pursuant to notice, at 9:30 a.m.

### **BEFORE:**

THE HONORABLE JAMES SLEDGE, Chief Judge
THE HONORABLE WILLIAM J. ROBERTS, JR., Judge
THE HONORABLE STAN WISNIEWSKI, Judge

Docket No. 2005-1 CRB DTRA

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	Page 6		Page 8
	I-N-D-E-X	1	additional features of your qualifications
	Voir	2	that have arisen since the last time you
	Witness Direct Dire Cross Redirect Recross	3	testified in this room?
	7. 7. 10. 110. 007. 007	4	A Yes, a few minor ones. I've been
	Erik 7 12 112 285 287	5	nominated and accepted to be a Research
	Brynjolfsson	6	Associate at the National Bureau of Economic
	E-X-H-I-B-I-T-S	7	Research. I've also been asked to serve on
	Services	8	the Technical Advisory Group for Networks and
	56171665	9	Information Technology of the President's
	Rebuttal	10	Council of Advisors on Science and Technology
	Exhibit No. Marked Admitted	11	and I've agreed to do that.
		12	MR. SMITH: Your Honor, I would
	3 E. Brynjolfsson 13	13	again offer Professor Brynjolfsson as an
	Deposition	14	expert in the pricing of digital goods.
	4 5 110	15	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Any objection
	4 Brynjolfsson 157	16	to the offer?
	Domosition	17	MR. TAYLOR: Your Honor, I would
	Deposition	18	like to know whether or not that extends to
	5 Analysis Group 219 222	19	his qualification to speak to similarities
	analysis of	20	between commercial and noncommercial
	top simulcast	21	webcasters.
	streamers	22	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: The testimony
	Page 7		Page 9
1	P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S	1	in his direct statement covers that. Yes.
2	10:05 a.m.	2	MR. TAYLOR: Then at this point,
3	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: We'll go on	3	then we would object on the basis that his
4	the record.	4	testimony covers areas for which we don't
5	MR. SMITH: Sound Exchanges calls	5	believe he is qualified to make such
6	Professor Erik Brynjolfsson.	6	statements.
7	Whereupon,	7	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Smith.
8	ERIK BRYNJOLFSSON	8	MR. SMITH: Your Honor, he's
9	was recalled as a witness by Counsel for Sound	9	offered ample testimony about his expertise on
10	Exchange, and having been previously duly	10	the pricing of digital goods distributed over
11	sworn, was examined and testified as follows:	11	the internet. The question of whether the
12	DIRECT EXAMINATION	12	corporation is doing it for profit or
13	BY MR. SMITH:	13	nonprofit is something that he can certainly
14	Q Professor Brynjolfsson, you have	14	discuss. There's no reason to think that you
15	previously qualified as an expert in this	15	have to have a separate proffer of expertise
16	proceeding, but can you remind our judges here	16	about one or the other.
17	where it is you're employed?	17	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Taylor.
18	A I'm a professor at MIT at the	18	MR. TAYLOR: I think if Your Honor
19	Sloan School and I'm also the Director of the	19	has looked carefully at his rebuttal statement
20	Center for Digital Business, formerly the	20	Section 7 the thrust of his statement is
21	Center for eBusiness.	21	primarily comparing noncommercial broadcasters
22	Q And have there been some	22	to commercial broadcasters and is not
			la de la companya de

	Page 10		Page
1	necessarily talking about the issue of these	1	BY MR. TAYLOR:
2	definital (sic) distribution of goods.	2	Q I'm just going to ask you some
3	Furthermore, he repeatedly indicated	3	questions.
4	throughout his deposition that he has done no	4	A Sure.
5	study concerning the noncommercial stations	5	Q Good morning, Dr. Brynjolfsson.
6	and therefore I see no validation on which his	6	A Good morning.
7	opinions would qualify him as an expert.	7	Q How are you?
8	MR. SMITH: Your Honor.	8	A Terrific.
9	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Yes sir.	9	Q Prior to this proceeding, have you
10	MR. SMITH: He did a study on the	10	ever studied noncommercial radio stations?
11	issue in his rebuttal testimony and that's	11	A Not specifically, no.
12	what we're here to present and the testimony	12	Q And prior to this proceeding, did
13	that he's given does not turn on the	13	you have any work that specifically related
14	noncommercial nature of the stations. It has	14	noncommercial radio stations?
15	to do with the different demand curves of	15	A Not specifically, no. Just
16	potential buyers and whether or not it would	16	general principles.
17	be economically rational for the sellers in a	17	Q And when you did your analysis for
18	free market to offer a lower price for those	18	the work in this proceeding, did you consid
19	particular buyers who can't pay the higher	19	noncommercial stations?
20	price and whether you would have market	20	A Yes.
21	segmentation or whether you would have because	21	Q Educational stations?
22	of cannibalization you would refuse to have  Page 11 that It has nothing to do with the	22	A Yes.  Page O Do you remember when we conducte
1 2 3 4	that. It has nothing to do with the particular noncommercial nature of the buyers. It just has to do with the fact that they don't have the same resources available to	1 2 3 4	Q Do you remember when we conducted a deposition about two weeks?  A Yes.  Q And during that deposition, you
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1 2 3 4 5 6	Page 11 that. It has nothing to do with the particular noncommercial nature of the buyers. It just has to do with the fact that they don't have the same resources available to them.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Anything	1 2 3 4 5 6	Q Do you remember when we conduct a deposition about two weeks?  A Yes.  Q And during that deposition, you were asked about the analysis done by that you had done and whether or not you had
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Honor, please. 2 BY MR. TAYLOR: 3 Dr. Brynjolfsson, if you would turn to page 206. 4 5 Okay. A 6 I'm sorry. It's above that. You Q 7 were asked "Very quickly..." And 205 is the 8 correct page number. And it says, "Very 9 quickly on page 18 you mentioned that there 10 were most recent injury activity especially by Simon Casters corroborates that the existing 11 12 rate is not too high. In the forming that 13 conclusion, did you consider educational stations?" You said, "Not specifically, no." 14

#### $\mathbf{A}$ That is my testimony.

Is that not your testimony?

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0 And so how is it then that you can reconcile that you have in fact applied your analysis to educational stations?

20 Well, I spend a lot of time 21 studying digital goods and in particular, I've spent a lot of time looking at the economics 22

recordings." In particular, I would say to elaborate on that, it applies to noncommercial stations --

Dr. Brynjolfsson, I'm going to O interrupt. My question was how do you reconcile your earlier testimony before we pulled out the transcript with the fact of did you examine noneducational institutions and you said "yes" with that which you had earlier testified in your deposition which says "no."

MR. SMITH: Objection, Your Honor. The testimony he's impeaches him with has to do with whether he looked at noncommercial stations in his study of entry by simulcast stations. He's impeaching him with something that's completely dealing with a different section of his testimony. It's improper impeachment.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Taylor. MR. TAYLOR: Your Honor, what Mr. Smith characterizes as improper impeachment is far from it. In fact, that is the very

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of what we sometimes call "differential 1 2 pricing offering," different prices to 3 different sellers for digital goods. I teach. 4 It's one of my favorite classes I teach every 5 vear for my MBA students. I've written papers 6 about this and the general principle is that 7 you want to look at whether or not there's 8 going to be cannibalization. This general principle applies to all markets. What's one 10 of the nice things about economics is you can 11 apply some general rules.

As I state on page 199 of the deposition when I asked me whether or not I had specifically discussed noncommercial webcasters, I say and I'll just quote there, the answer, "Well, in general, I'm aware that a digital copy of a good sold to one seller to one buyer would be indistinguishable from a digital copy sold to a different buyer and thus they are potentially competitive one with each other and this can adversely the seller of that digital good and that applies to sound

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1 analysis that he is being proffered for for 2 the majority of his statement. My question 3 simply goes to whether or not in making any of that analysis did he in fact consider 4 5 noncommercial stations and as he has 6 contradicted himself here, he has not. 7 (Off the record discussion.) 8 JUDGE ROBERTS: Mr. Taylor, I am a 9 little unclear here as to what it is you're 10 alleging that he's not an expert in. I 11 understand this deposition testimony here is 12 related to Professor Brynjolfsson's statements about simulcasters entering the market. But 13 14 when I look over at section 7 that you mentioned and it seems to be specifically a 15 portion of your objection, I don't see 16 anything in section 7 about that kind of 17 18 testimony. I see section 7 talking about 19 treating noncommercial differently but not for 20 economic reasons. Am I incorrect in that? 21 MR. TAYLOR: No Your Honor. I

think you have the understanding of what my

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objection stems from and that is simply that 2 section 7 deals overall with his notion that noncommercial stations are or can acting like 4 commercial stations and it is that which we 5 are objecting to, him having any foundation or 6 basis for offering an opinion on. He has not conducted any comprehensive study and even to 7 8 address the point that he alluded to on the 9 cannibalization I can further demonstrate that 10 there is no support by this witness to offer 11 any of these opinions.

JUDGE ROBERTS: If the standard is when you conduct a study, I think that applies to about 99 percent of the witnesses we have had in this proceeding. So it certainly seems to me it has to something more than simply that.

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MR. TAYLOR: Well, I agree that it's a little loose, but we are formulating some standards as we have recently stopped hearing opinions from people who are not necessarily qualified to give them and I think

1 testify about how economic theory would apply

2 in this particular context, the context that

3 has studied for his entire career.

Whatever Mr. Taylor has as a problem with the way he decided to apply theory is something he ought to bring up in cross examination. But we should I submit proceed to get the testimony into the record at this point.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Anything further, Mr. Taylor?

MR. SMITH: Your Honors, I would simply state that it is true that he may be an economist that is renowned, but I don't think that that lends him credibility to opine on the similarities or differences between noncommercial and commercial broadcasters and

noncommercial and commercial broadcasters and
 furthermore when the record that at least I

18 furthermore when the record that at least I 19 have in front of me says that he has done

20 nothing more to educate himself about

21 noncommercial and commercial broadcasters, I

22 think that it would be a waste of our time to

Page 19

to that extent this witness is no different than those same witnesses.

MR. SMITH: Your Honor, there are two points in Section 7. One is that many noncommercial stations resemble commercial stations in that they have lots of money, lots of listeners and that their operations have advertising effectively. The empirical basis of that statement is stated directly in all of the exhibits he cites in the two pages of Section 7.

The other point is that it would be irrational to offer small noncommercial a lower rate as a matter of economics. But if you're going to do it for some non-economic reason you would want to have a safeguard which would be to have a cap of only a few

- which would be to have a cap of only a few listeners. That as he explained in the
- 19 portion of the deposition he just read to Mr.
- 20 Taylor was based on economic theory, not an
- 21 empirical study. He is one of the most
- 22 qualified economist in the United States to

listen to his opinion on that specific subject

2 anymore than listening to the previous3 witnesses that we have had for which v

witnesses that we have had for which we struck their testimony.

5 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Considering 6 the objection and the testimony on page 205 of 7 the Exhibit 3, the Court finds that the

8 reference on page 205 does not conflict with

9 the offer of expertise in pricing in the 10 internet market and the objection is

10 internet market and the objection is 11 overruled. The offer of expertise is

12 admitted.13

### DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. SMITH:

15 Q Now you have a binder in front of 16 you, Professor.

A Yes.

18 Q Grab this.

A Okay.

20 Q Let me ask you just to first look

21 at the first tab in the binder which says

22 "Rebuttal Testimony." Is this your written

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### Yes, it is.

MR. SMITH: Your Honor, I would ask that his written testimony be admitted.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Joseph.

MR. JOSEPH: Your Honor, at this point there would be a technical objection to this. I would object on the grounds that this is redundant (Inaudible.) procedure which is specified that that which are part of the written direct statements are presumed admitted unless an objection is made and a motion is filed to strike them.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Objection sustained. The offer is inconsistent with the regulation.

MR. SMITH: Your Honor, if I 17 might. The new regulations say written 18 testimony in exhibits must be authenticated or 19 identified in order to admissible as evidence. 20

21 That was why I thought we were operating under

the new rule in the second phase of the trial. 22

marketplace of willing buyer/will seller 2 thought to be conceived of?

It's very straightforward. It's essentially the marketplace that we have now except without the transition costs and without the mechanism such as Sound Exchange and CRB that have been created to help eliminate or mitigate those transaction costs. So it's the existing buyers and sellers, namely the record companies and the webcasters and they would be selling a blanket license.

Now why is it you think that's the right way to think about it?

Well, it's just the most natural interpretation. We have a marketplace here. We have some willing buyers. We have some willing -- We have some buyers and sellers.

We should match them up with how they would 18

19 behave if they were willing, if they weren't

20 constrained by any compulsion and for what

it's worth, it's what-- Other people have came 21

22 to that same conclusion. For instances, the

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We weren't having them identified in the first phase either. That's why. The ruling stands however I gather. Thank you.

Can I inquire whether that ruling extends to the exhibits that are incorporated in the direct testimony, Your Honor, within the rebuttal testimony?

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Yes, it does. MR. SMITH: It does. Okay, thank you. That will save us some time.

> DIRECT TESTIMONY (Cont'd) BY MR. SMITH:

Now I want to start your testimony today, Professor, by referring to Section 6 of your rebuttal testimony where you talk about the willing buyer and willing seller standard and your response to Dr. Jaffe's conception of how the hypothetical marketplace should be perceived. Do you recall that?

#### A Yes I do.

Okay. Now first of all, how is that you think that the hypothetical

CARP in their report to the Library of 1

> 2 Congress said that the panel perceives the

3 Section 114(f)(2) Hypothetical Marketplace is

4 one where the buyers are DMCA eligible, also 5 referred to as DMCA compliant services, the

6 sellers or record companies, and the product

being sold consistent with blanket license for each record company's repertoire of sound recordings.

Now referring to this hypothetical market where the existing record companies are selling to the existing webcasters, is that a market in which there would be competition among the sellers, among the record companies and their sales to the webcasters?

Well, certainly there would be a degree of competition.

Now I take it then competition is a matter of degree?

Yes, I think this is an important factor to bring up. In reading Dr. Jaffe's testimony, it appeared that he was setting up

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sort of a dichotomy between monopoly on one 2 side and perfect competition where there was 3 no market power, no bargaining power. Real 4 marketplaces in general are going to have some 5 varying degrees of competition where the 6 participants, the sellers in particular, do 7 have some bargaining power and that certainly 8 would apply in this case where I believe the 9 sellers compete but they also have some 10 bargaining power.

11 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Joseph. 12 MR. JOSEPH: Your Honor, I would object and move to strike on page 39. Dr. 13 14 Brynjolfsson does talk about Dr. Jaffe's false 15 dichotomy but nowhere in this testimony does he offer an opinion on whether or not there is 16 17 competition in the marketplace for -- whether 18 there would be competition in the hypothetical 19 market that he's just described.

20 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: I thought I 21 remembered that.

22 MR. SMITH: Your Honor, that's

get more than half of the surplus. In particular, I estimate they would get about 75 percent of the resulting surplus and the webcasters would get about 25 percent of the resulting surplus.

Now in offering that opinion, what assumption are you making about the extent to which the webcasters would have to buy the rights of all four major record companies' recordings?

A I think it would be very advantageous for them to get the blanket licenses to all four major companies and for that matter for sound recordings as they were able to acquire. It's possible that they could remain in business perhaps without those but these blanket licenses would be required valuable.

Given that reality and given the existence of the copyrights, how is that there would still be a measure of competition among the sellers in this marketplace?

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1 exactly what he says in that paragraph on page 2 39 in saying that they don't have monopoly 3 power. It's 75/25 division in saying that 4 there's a false dichotomy between monopoly and 5 perfect competition. It's the main theme of 6 his discussion that there's some competition, 7 not perfect competition and to suggest that he 8 hasn't disclosed it, this is the topic of his 9 testimony, I think is false. 10 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: The objection 11 is overruled. 12 DIRECT TESTIMONY (Cont'd) 13 BY MR. SMITH: 14

Now in suggesting that there's some degree of competition, did you come up with a quantitative estimate?

A Yes I did.

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18 And what was that? A bargaining 19 power essentially?

Yes, it's my best estimate that the record companies would have more bargaining power than the webcaster and would

Well, they could continue to compete on at least two dimensions. First off, it is possible though it might not be the best business strategy to run a webcasting service, I believe, without all four of, without licensees from all four of the record companies. But even if you did have licenses from all four, there would be a great deal of competition for market share. Webcasters have a lot of discretion over how much air play they give to different songs and I would expect that the owners of the sound recordings would want to get greater market share so that they would compete in order to gain market share from the webcasters.

Now how would that 75 percent bargaining power that you estimate for the record companies compare to the bargaining power of monopolies?

Much of the bargaining power just comes in the fact that they have a unique asset, copyrighted asset, but part of it also

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comes also from the market structure. If 1 2 there were only one single monopolist, then 3 those two types of competition that I just described wouldn't exist. I mean certainly 5 not to the same extent and as a result a monopolist would have a great deal more 6 7 bargaining power and would probably be able to capture closer to 100 percent, probably not entirely 100 percent but closer to 100 percent 10 of the surplus.

The reason it might not be 100 percent is that on the other side the buyer, especially the large buyers like Yahoo, have some monopsony power. So they have some bargaining power as well.

16 Now is that 75/25 figure a precise Q 17 analysis?

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A Well, no. You can't pin it down precisely to the exact decimal point and I don't claim to have done that, but I feel fairly confident in the range. Clearly, it's greater than 50 percent, probably greater than

ultimate royalty would be adjusted by 10 or 20 percent. It wouldn't dramatically affect the recommendation, but it would affect it plus or minus by the percentage that you wanted to adjust the bargaining power.

Now Dr. Jaffe offered testimony in the first phase of this case that method like yours, trying to estimate the price by looking at the costs and revenues in the webcasting industry wouldn't work in this context. Do you have a response to that testimony?

Well, I disagree not surprisingly. I found it to be a very straightforward application of a fairly standard methodology, a way of thinking about things. You look at the relevant revenues and costs and compare those and then you look at the bargaining power. It would apply in this setting just as it would in anything.

Well how does the fact that one of the costs of the webcasters is a musical works' royalty in addition to the sound

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60 percent or 70 percent because looking at this market it's obvious that the owners of the sound recordings, the record companies, have a great deal more bargaining power than the webcasters. On the other hand, it's not for the reason I've just mentioned 100 percent. So I feel comfortable that it's probably somewhere between 70 and 80 percent or maybe 65 and 85 percent, in that general range.

And how significant in terms of O your overall analysis is the variation within that range?

It's very straightforward. I A intentionally constructed my model so that you could at the end basically plug in whatever 17 kind of bargaining power you think is appropriate. If you don't think 75 percent is correct, you could plug in 65 percent or 85 percent. It translates directly into a recommendation for the royalty in particular.

22 If you moved it by 10 or 20 percent, then the

1 recording royalty, how does the effect the

2 validity or viability of your ground-up 3 approach to estimating the price?

It strikes me as a red herring. I mean there are lots of essential inputs. I mean, bandwidth is an essential input and we don't see to have a problem with including that and estimating that. Musical works are an essential input and we include those in there. They are set exogenously, separately, from this proceeding just as bandwidth is set separately. So it makes it very straightforward for us to just incorporate it into our model. I don't see anything special in that regard.

Do you see the musical works rights and the sound recording rights as being intertwined in some way?

Well, intertwined is not an economic term. I don't - So in terms of trying to understand what Dr. Jaffe means when he uses that word, I mean, it could mean that

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it's essential, but we've already just discussed the essential goods, there's no particular difficulty with essential goods, bandwidth or any of the other ones. It could mean that he thinks that they are set in conjunction with the sound recording royalties, that we need to set those prices simultaneously.

Well, just as a matter of fact, that's not the case. We set them separately and my understanding is in fact that Congress specifically directed that the prices we set here should not be used to effect the musical work rates, that they should be thought of as separately. But hypothetically if you wanted to set them jointly, again there would be no particular problem in doing that. People do that all the time. It would just be a three-way bargaining instead of a two-way bargaining.

Q And how would you analyze the bargaining in that three-way situation? Say

Q Which costs would affect the way that that's divided?

A Well, all the relevant costs and all the relevant market structure and the existence of substitutes. In particular, you know, the fact that the costs of sound recordings are so much greater than the costs of musical works would certainly enter into that tradeoff.

10 Q Now are there any particular 11 pitfalls with your approach of estimating a 12 price in a hypothetical by kind of going 13 round-up with costs and revenues?

A Yes, certainly. I mean the difficulty -- I think conceptually it's very straightforward. I mean the difficulty, of course, is in pinning down the precise numbers. So as any exercise, you need to get the data and you need to know what the costs are and what the revenues are and so forth. So getting those with a degree of precision will influence how precise you can be about

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you tried to apply your model but not treat the musical works royalty as a cost but as an additional royalty to be estimated.

A We'd have to do that, of course, because they were set, but if you wanted to you could have a proceeding where you set both rates simultaneously. You could do that. There would be no particular difficulty in doing that. You would just do the exact same thing. You look at the relevant revenues and costs and you have some amount of surplus. Now you would divide it up among three parties instead of two parties and you would look at the relative bargaining power of those.

It wouldn't certainly necessarily mean that they each got a third or any set of preset amount. When I sold my house, I got some of the surplus. The buyer got some of the surplus and the real estate agent got some of the surplus. We didn't divide it evenly but it was a function of market structure, costs, bargaining power.

the final estimate.

Q Can you give us a sense of how the data that you had here compares with the kind of data that you rely on and your colleagues rely on in academic studies that are somewhat comparable?

A Sure. It's very similar. It's very similar in terms of you get data from a variety of sources. One of the things we try to do is corroborated data from multiple different perspectives, triangulated if you will, on the values so that you don't want to put too much weight on any one particular CPM or cost of bandwidth. You get from a number of different sources and you see what pattern emerges in the data and check and double-check that.

18 In this case, we had a very 19 consistent story. I could trace through a 20 little bit of that.

Q Yes. Why don't you just tell us how you went about that?

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A I mean, the first thing we did was we got data from publicly available sources. We got data from analysts' reports, from the webcasters' own websites, from published reports on bandwidth costs and so forth and from that we were able to construct a model. I constructed a model, Model 1, Model 2, that showed how those costs had changed over time and we also saw that bandwidth had fallen a lot, that revenues had raised, grown a lot, since the CARP.

In Model 2, we looked at just the ground-up basic numbers and that gave us an estimate of what the surplus was. The nice thing was that in this case we were also able to do discovery and find out, fill in, some of those gaps and corroborate some of those numbers with data from the webcasters themselves and we found that by and large the factual numbers that they reported to us were consistent with the numbers that we had gotten from public sources.

profitable industry and one with very promising prospects.

Q How does the quality of the data you had available to you compare ultimately to the kind of data that actual buyers and sellers and have available to them in real market transactions?

A Well, I think this is actually one of the benefits of this proceeding is that real buyers and sellers in a marketplace would have access to their own costs and revenues, but they would only have to make inferences about the other side. In this case because of discovery, we actually have the data and so we are able to actually ironically be in a better position than a free market in terms of determining what the relevant price is and costs would be and pin it down with greater certainty I believe.

Q And now let's turn to a different topic, Professor, and that is --

A Let me just say. I'm not claiming

Page 39

On average, the costs actually were falling somewhat faster than we had projected. The revenues had grown somewhat faster than we had projected. The total surplus was somewhat greater than we had projected. The revenue per hour was somewhat higher than we had projected for major webcasters. But it told a broadly consistent story so we were able to corroborate that.

And then just recently, you know, we've had a third source of corroboration which is you look at the actual behavior of the webcaster, in particular the simulcasters and you see that they're entering the market in droves despite what they were saying about not entering. We'll probably get a chance to talk about this later, but they apparently see this as a profitable opportunity for them to move into. So I would say their actions speak louder. In this case, they are choosing to do this and you have to presume that's because as the economic analysis indicated, this is

that it's complete certainty, but in any real market, of course, there's going to be a range of different costs and prices. But in this case, I would say it's my opinion that we have better data than they would if they were doing it on their own.

Q The next topic would be Dr. Jaffe's alternative approach to estimating the price which is the musical works rate is a benchmark. Let me ask you first. Do you have a problem with benchmarks as a way to estimate a price in this kind of exercise?

A No, I think benchmarks are wonderful. I'm all for benchmarks. It's part of my general philosophy if you want to triangulate on a value from a number of different perspectives and obviously the better the benchmark, the more weight you can put on it.

Q Okay. What's your opinion about the validity of Dr. Jaffe's preferred benchmark, the musical works rate for

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webcasting?

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I don't think we can put any weight at all on that one because I don't think it's a good benchmark.

Okay. Can you give us the reasons why generally you think it's an inappropriate benchmark?

Sure. It's an inappropriate benchmark because it's a different product in a different setting with a different market structure and a different cost structure and as a consequence unlike, say interactive sounding recording, it is a real stretch to try to apply it in this setting.

So how does the fact that they are both rights that you need to have as a webcaster factor into your decision about whether that's an appropriate benchmark?

Yes, I think that strikes me as a 20 bit of red herring. There are lots of things that are essential. I mean to make an 22 analogy, I mentioned in the report, coffee

I've put on the easel, Professor, 1

2 the Figure 1 from page seven of your written

3 rebuttal testimony just in case you want to 4 refer to it. It's obviously in the written

5 testimony as well. Can you tell us what this

figure is meant to convey?

Sure. May I stand up and just point out these things here? Would that be all right?

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: As long as you stay close to that microphone.

THE WITNESS: All right. Okay.

13 Don't move it?

14 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: We'll let you

15 know if there's a problem.

16 THE WITNESS: Okay. So what we 17 have here is some evidence in terms on this

18 question of whether or not the costs are sunk.

19 What this pie chart on the left here shows is

the share of sales from new releases/current 20

21 releases versus catalog sales. Current

22 releases are defined as releases within the

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beans and water are both essential to a good cup of coffee, but I don't think anyone would argue that they have to have the same price. The fact that they're essential doesn't really make any difference.

How about Dr. Jaffe's point that not only are they essential but the costs ought to be disregarded by the sellers in this situation?

 $\mathbf{A}$ That's an interesting point. It's not factually accurate that the costs are the same.

What do you understand his opinion to be and then what's your response to it? Maybe that's the best way to handle this.

My understanding is that he believes that all of the costs of sound recordings are sunk and my response to it is that that's just as a matter, an easily verified fact not true.

> (Off the record comment.) BY MR. SMITH:

past two years, past 24 months and this is

2 from Nielsen data. And as you can see, over

half of sales come from what they call

4 "current releases," these new releases. 5 This was for the year 2003, the

most recent data that we have, complete data that I was able to have available. However, my understanding is that it's very consistent in previous years and I would expect that moving forward for the period of this license we could expect a broadly similar ratio or actually for the purposes of this all we need to know is that this share of new releases is not zero.

#### BY MR. SMITH:

What does that tell us about these 16 17 as to which the cost associated with songs 18 that would be webcast in the next five years 19 have already been expended?

It's not true. I mean, it almost seems as though Dr. Jaffe imagined that these record companies have this big library of

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1 sound recording and they sit back and kind of 2 just digitally copy them and sell them, but 3 that's not how the industry works at all. As 4 a number of people have testified, they spend 5 a great deal of time and effort. Really their whole business is in identifying these new 6 7 artists and producing these new recordings and 8 that's what they're going to be doing for the 9 next five years as well. Those are not some costs. Those are costs that they will be 10 incurring in the future. 11

Can you tell us just to finalize here what the second, the right-hand of the Figure 1 tells us?

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15 It's just another way of  $\mathbf{A}$ presenting essentially the same broad story. 16 17 Another way you could look at it, you could 18 look at the top 200 albums and here we have 19 some more recent data for 2005. So we looked at Billboard's top 200 albums just to look at 20 21 them and then we went one by one and looked at 22 what was the release date of each one of those

came to the same conclusion that I did. I 1

- 2 think that anybody who gives a fair assessment
- 3 of this would come to the same conclusion.
- 4 Specifically they said "The panel rejects Dr.
- 5 Jaffe's premise" and I'm reading here Footnote
- 6 18. "That the value of performance right and
- 7 sound recordings are necessarily not great
- than musical works because the costs are 8
- 9 'sunk.' This view assumes erroneously in our
- 10 view that sound recording owners have static
- perspective and do not consider the cost of 11
- 12 developing new sound recordings when 13 negotiating fees."
- 14 Now even assuming that the costs 15 are not all sunk, would it be reasonable to argue that sellers, the record companies, 16 17 wouldn't attempt to recover their costs
- 18 through the webcasting rates because that
- 19 market is such a small percentage of their 20 overall channels of distribution?
  - That's a novel argument and I just

don't see any basis in the way that real

albums and we looked at them all and you can see well over 90 percent of them were released in either 2004 or 2005. A small fraction were released in 2003 and only one out of 200 was actually released before 2003.

So it underscores how important what the record labels do, how important finding new music is and creating new music is really the essence of it. It's something that I would expect and hope, I think we would all hope, that they would continue to do that for the next five years as well. So as to whether or not the costs are sunk, you could argue they are for this fraction and maybe that fraction over there, but by and large, they're not sunk.

Now did the CARP in its prior setting of rates for webcasting comment on this sunk cost issue?

Yes, as a matter of fact I recall they did. Let me just see. I think, yes. If you look at page eight of my testimony, they 1 buyers and sellers behave.

> Can you tell us how it is that you think small markets are treated by real sellers then?

5 Well, pretty much the same way as 6 large markets. I mean when a dollar comes in 7 it's not labeled this dollar came from small 8 market, this dollar came from a big market. 9 They're all indistinguishable. They're

- fungible and you use that money to cover your 10
- 11 costs and you look to cover it from whatever
- 12 market you can. I mean even just the
- 13 definition of markets for these purposes you
- 14 could slice it lots of different ways. You
- 15 could look at the market in Ghana would be a
- very small market and the market in California 16
- 17 might be - I mean you could slice it all
- 18 these different ways. In the end, it's all
- 19 going to add up to 100 percent and there's no
- 20 particular reason that you would ignore, if
- 21 you slice it a certain way, the dollars that
- 22 come from one market or one piece of a market

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and only look to some other pieces. I mean in the end each of these different pieces is going to add up to the total and to take one of them or some subset of them and say we're going to treat them differently than the other little pieces there's no economic basis for that and there's no business basis for that.

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Q But what does recent history tell us about the extent to which these market segments have stayed static in the sense that there's always one or two that are big and others that are small?

A So that's another problem with the argument is this presumption that webcasting is always going to be a relatively small share. We know for a fact that's not the case. The webcasting is growing. Meanwhile, other markets are shrinking. I remember Mr. Roback's testimony that he predicted or was working towards the demise of CD sales and record stores. I think that's great. We will eventually have the elimination of some of

and if you look at the way that rates are set for musical works, it doesn't seem like a very good market for one to rely on, at least for our purposes.

Q Why is that?

A We want to -- We're charged with finding out what willing buyers and willing sellers would agree to pay for blanket licenses. Over in the musical works rate setting process, there is a consent degree and there's a different market structure and as a consequence, you have decisions being made in the shadow of that rate court and consent decree that I don't think can be fairly be described as a free market of willing buyers and sellers. In particular, it strikes me that it's likely that the rates are lower than they probably would be otherwise.

Q Are you referring there to BMI and ASCAP?

A Yes, good point. Specifically that is what is set for BMI and ASCAP and just

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these markets and other markets will grow to replace them.

We've already seen that happen in things like ring tones or digital downloads, markets that didn't even exist awhile ago. I suppose that if you were to have looked at them in 2003 or whatever you would have said that's a small market. But increasingly, the record companies are looking or depending on these markets including webcasting to pay these very large costs that they're going to be incurring.

Q Now a slightly different topic. How does the process that is used to set the rates for the musical work rights affect your assessment of that, particularly your benchmark?

A Well, for all the reasons I discussed, I wouldn't want to use musical works as a benchmark. But if you did use it as a benchmark, you'd want to be able to have some reliable number that you could refer to

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to elaborate there is actually one of the

2 PROs, Performing Rights Organizations, that

isn't apparently subject to the consent decree
 and my understanding is that they have

4 and my understanding is that they have 5 negotiated the rates. If you look at them, I

6 think I calculated the CS. On page 12 of my

7 testimony, SESAC when they voluntarily the

8 rates or offer rates to the webcasters, their

9 standard agreement works out to be about 1.75

10 cents per aggregate tuning hour which is far

more than what Dr. Jaffe has proposed. So my

12 point isn't that I think that's the right rate

either. It's subject to all the problems that

14 I just discussed. However, it's clear that

the rates for musical works vary a great deal

and will depend on whether or not there's a

17 consent decree or not a consent decree and in
18 this case come up with an answer that's

19 completely different from what Dr. Jaffe

20 suggested it would be.

Q So I wonder if you could comment on Dr. Jaffe's testimony that's a form of

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empirical support for his use of the musical works rates and the market for synch rights and master use licenses.

A I do a lot of empirical work and I'm delighted that he sought empirical validation for his hypothesis. Unfortunately, the synch rights market, the master use synch rights market, is really not going to tell us anything meaningful about whether or not there is -- what the ratio might be or should be or if there's a ratio between the prices for sound recordings and musical works.

Q What are the problems with that particular purported form of empirical support for the equalization of the royalty rates for musical works and sound recordings?

A It was disappointing. You had to go so far afield to try and find an example. This particular one has at least four, I think, fatal flaws. First off, the products are not the same and I'm not talking about musical works and sound recordings, but I'm

1 fair to say they're doing it in order to

2 listen to the music. So the value and the

purpose of the music is very different inthose two settings. Why does that make

4 those two settings. Why does that make a 5 difference? Well, because it gives the buyer

in the synchronized market a lot more freedom to make substitutions.

If there's music playing in the background and they substitute a cover band as opposed to the original artist for that song, most people might not even notice or really care. But when you're buying or listening to music or subscribing to music, you're doing it for the music. You do want to hear the original artist. For movies, they will on occasion substitute a cover band replacing the -- and therefore not even have to pay royalties and even when don't explicitly do it, there's always a threat that they can do that and that means that the owners of the sound recordings are going to be in a much weaker bargaining position for that kind of a

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talking about the fact that in the synch rights market you're buying and selling individual sound recordings, individual songs, whereas what we are doing in this proceeding is looking at blanket licenses.

I think Dr. Jaffe would agree or has agreed that the bargaining power, the outcomes, are likely to be very different when we look for blanket licenses versus individual songs. In particular, with individual songs, you have much more, the buyer has much more, discretion, bargaining power, to switch from one to the other. So that's going to give you a different outcome and I think we all can recognize that.

Q Okay. That's one problem.

A No. 2, movies, people go to movies generally to see the movie, to see the actors, the plot and so forth. Not many people will go to a movie because there's a song playing in the background in that particular movie. In contrast, when people listen to music, it's

1 product.

Q Would you expect that in this negotiation the relative values of sound recordings versus music works are going to always have the same ratio to each other?

A Well, this was an interesting point. Dr. Jaffe puts this theory forward that they should always have the same value and then he goes on to give examples where they don't have the same value. He says that "If you're making a movie," and this is on page 14 I quote him, "If you're making a movie about a birthday party, it's really important to use 'Happy Birthday,'" the song, "Happy Birthday." So that would be a case where I would put a higher value on the musical work than the sound recording.

He also gives examples where you put higher value on the sound recording than the musical work. So apparently he doesn't think that people would always put the same value on these inputs. It all depends on what

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their motivation, what their goal is. So he doesn't seem to agree with his own theory in that example.

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What about his statement that they probably average out?

A Well, that's not the way averages work, at least, in this setting. I mean you could have 100 movies like that "Happy Birthday" one. Maybe there's one where "Pomp and Circumstance" or "Hail To The Chief" or 11 you can have lots of other songs that you 12 needed to have and in all of those cases you 13 would want to put more weight on the musical 14 works and it doesn't matter whether you had one or 50 or 100. They would still average 16 out that the musical works would have relatively more value than the sound recordings.

19 Now there may be other cases, 20 other motivations, where it's the other way. 21 They could average out to any particular value 22 depending on what the ratio of values, of

1 webcast, it's quite likely that that will to 2 some extent substitute for listening to it 3 through some other medium, through a digital 4 download or CD or whatever. So there is some 5 substitution effect. There also may well be 6 some promotion effects and the record 7 companies are going to trade off the

substitution and the promotion.

Now in the synch rights market, you still, I think, potentially could have that promotional effect. You probably would. If Madonna's song is featured, that may lead to more sales of her CDs. It's much less likely that if there's any substitution effect. I don't know if people who say I'm going to go to this movie instead of buying the CD. There's not much substitution if any that occurs there.

In practical terms, what does that mean? It means that the record companies, the owners of the sound recording, are going to see that promotional value from the movies and

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motivations is. It really have nothing to do

2 with his theory about essential goods and all

3 that stuff. It just has to do with what the

marketplace, what your motivations are, how 5

many movies you make of this type versus the

6 other type. So the fact that you can find

7 some markets somewhere where these ratios are 8

sort of similar is kind of like saying there's 9 this marketplace in Casablanca where coffee

10 beans and water have the same price.

Therefore, they must always everywhere have 11

12 the same price. 13

Now how does the factor of 14 promotion versus substitution factor into 15 determining whether or not the synch rights 16 analogy is an apt one?

17 Well, this is yet another 18 difference between the synch rights market 19 versus the webcasting market. Well recognized 20 that promotion is potentially important and for that matter, substitution is potentially

21 22 important. When you listen to music in a

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1 potentially compete to have their songs

2 featured and discount their prices for that.

3 Whereas, in the webcasting market, whatever

4 promotion value there is they also have to 5

factor in the substitution. So it's going to 6 be a different calculus, one that would likely

7 lead to a higher price in the webcasting 8 market.

So could you, if you could at this point, just summarize your opinion about whether or not it would be appropriate in setting the sound recording rate for webcasting just to model it on the rate that exists for musical works?

I don't think that there's any value at all in that particular approach. I mean the theoretical basis for it doesn't exist. There's no theoretical reason to expect these prices to be the same. Empirically, there is not evidence that they're going to be the same. So it doesn't strike me as a sound basis.

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Q Now next topic in your rebuttal testimony, Professor, is --

MR. SMITH: Your Honor, I don't know if we're going to take an 11:00 a.m. or not considering when we started. I am going to another topic, so I give you the option at this point.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Well, everyone in the room here has been here since, waiting, since 9:30 a.m. So perhaps it would be kind not to keep them here. We'll recess ten minutes. Thank you. Off the record.

(Whereupon, at 11:02 a.m., the above-entitled matter recessed and reconvened at 10:15 a.m. the same day.)

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: On the record. Thank you. We'll come to order.

MR. SMITH: Thank you, Your Honor.

19 DIRECT EXAMINATION (Cont'd) 20 BY MR. SMITH:

21 Q Turning to Section 3 of your 22 testimony, Professor, which is the network A Yes, according to this Analyst Day Presentation, I guess it's labeled Exhibit 207 RP, they estimated that each additional user would generate about 79 cents of value per month.

Q To Yahoo?

A To Yahoo.

Q Okay. Now so is this value of spillovers to other pages on the site something that the willing buyer/willing seller would consider in negotiating the market price?

A It certainly is just as any other source of value would be.

15 Q Did you factor it in as a 16 quantitative matter to your recommended rate 17 in your analysis?

A Actually no, I didn't. It's one that's more difficult to pin down with a great deal of precision. So I only included the direct benefits. I understood that these spillover benefits existed and are likely to

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effects section starting on page 16, could you just quickly tell us what network effects means in this context.

A Yes, in this context, there may be spillovers or network effects which lead to revenues being produced on one part of a site, like a portal, that are increased due to activity on another part of the site.

Q And is that a significant part of the value that webcasters receive when they operate a portal?

A Well, I was going to say for some webcasters it is. For organizations like Yahoo, I think that's really the essence of their business strategy is to create a destination site with lots of different properties and a single unified brand and so you get spillovers from one part of the site to the other part of the site.

Q Did you report in your testimony a value that Yahoo has for each of the users that comes to the site?

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be quite substantial. But the rate I
 recommended did not include any consideration
 for the spillovers.

Q Okay. So how should that factor into the decision that the judges have to make here?

A Well, certainly I think it should be a consideration and it would suggest that the actual rate that a willing buyer and willing seller would agree to for a blanket license would be higher than the direct value that I recommended in my testimony. As to how much higher, I didn't make a quantitative analysis.

Q So does this additional benefit -JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Can I ask a
question here? While I appreciate that you
may consider this a factor, I'm troubled by
testimony that encourages us to look at a
potential impact on a rate that will be a
specific quantitative rate without giving us
any magnitude to adjust that rate to account

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for that effect. If you were in our position, how would you do that?

magnitude effect.

THE WITNESS: Well, so let me just
-- I haven't done the quantitative analysis.
So with that caveat, if you look at portals
like Yahoo or other organizations, it's clear
that they see this as really the key to their
strategy and they're even willing to incur
losses on some properties in order to generate
more value. I think Mr. Roback mentioned that
it was important to include music in the
instant messaging products so that they could
attract more listeners. So it may be a value
that is great or greater than the direct
value. It could easily lead to arguably a
doubling of the value. I would not think that
that would be an unreasonable sort of order of

But I think that I only wanted to base my factual calculations on numbers I could cite and point to and leave basically a cushion that probably the true rate would be MR. JOSEPH: Thank you, Your Honor.

### BY MR. SMITH:

Q Now does the existence of this additional unquantified benefit depend on whether the amount of traffic going from other parts of a portal to the music area is greater or less than the traffic going from the music area out to the other parts of the portal?

A No, I think that's another one of those red herrings. The spillovers come from the fact that there's synergies among the different sites and that people — there's a branding and there's a visibility. It doesn't depend, you know, literally on the movement of the click stream from one part of the site to the other part of the site.

In fact, it's quite possible that the revenue benefits go in the exact opposite direction of the click stream. I mean for instance people may find that Yahoo music is a valuable part of Yahoo overall and the way

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somewhat higher than that, possibly as I mentioned up to twice as high.

MR. SMITH: Is that a factor that ought to be considered -- I'm sorry. Are you done, Your Honor?

### BY MR. SMITH:

Q Is that a factor that the judges would want to consider? If they have a range of possible rates, would that be something that would tell them where to land on that range?

### A I'm not sure I understand your question.

Q If the analysis otherwise leads to a range from a certain figure up to another figure would this then be a factor that would tell them where to land on the high end?

### A Yes. Okay. I understand what you're saying.

MR. JOSEPH: Your Honor, if I may. I would just object.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Sustained.

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they get to it is they go to Yahoo's home page, their main portal page. They click through. I think Mr. Roback suggested that would be the best way to get to music. You click through from the home page and you get eventually to the music page and the music. So in that particular case, the traffic would be from other parts of Yahoo to the music site. 

You get the value being created is at the music site and the revenue would probably be recognized as I understand how they do their accounting at Yahoo's home page. So it's quite possible that the flow of clicks, that the flow of eyeballs if you will, would go in the opposite direction or other directions from the flow of value created.

Q Let's turn then to the next section of your rebuttal testimony which has to do with exit and entry in the market. Let me start off with the discussion of exit in Part 4.1 of your rebuttal and what is your

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1 response to the evidence that DiMA put on in 2 the first phase of this case with respect to 3 how many webcasters have left the marketplace 4 from 2001 forward?

Well, churn is a characteristic of any new industry like this one. It would be remarkable, it would be a major finding, if you had a new industry that didn't have churn with companies entering and exiting. Certainly you would expect to see it in the webcasting market. As I mentioned in my report, we saw in radio itself when radio was a new technology back in the 1920s. There were a lot of companies that entered and a lot of companies that exited. Over half of the companies that were the first ones to enter in a given state actually went out of business in 1922 through 1924.

Now did that mean that radio was a moribund unsuccessful technology? No, of course not. In fact, the stations that remained in 1924, the vast majority of them,

entered. So I sought to validate whether that was in fact the case.

Q Did you find it to be true?

A No, in fact, I found precisely the opposite to be the case.

Q Professor Brynjolfsson, I put on the board Table 1 from your rebuttal. It appeared, I believe, on page 23 and is this a part of your analysis of the actual degree of entry into the marketplace by simulcasters in recent months?

A Yes. I thought that Mr.
Halyburton's idea of looking at the actual entry was a good one. So we sought to replicate that and indeed in the first three columns here that I'm pointing to of numbers (Indicating) we just again report the exact numbers that Mr. Halyburton reported earlier.

Q Did you attempt to replicate at a later point in time his analysis and identify how many simulcasters were in the market as of September 2006?

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continued to stay in business for the next 70 years. There's a similar factor in most markets including webcasting.

Q Now the next thing you focus on is entry into the -- Oh, did you have another point?

A Actually, I may have understated it when I said similar webcasting because in the webcasting market there's this additional fact that the initial entrants didn't have to pay at all for one of their primary inputs namely the sound recordings. So when the CARP imposed a price you would of course expect that there would be a bump in the amount of exit once they had to start paying.

Q Okay. The next topic is entry into the market in recent times by simulcasters. Can you tell us why you focused on that issue?

A Sure. There was a contention made by the simulcasters that this was not an attractive market and very few of them had Yes. We weren't real creative.

We just did what he did and I asked the analysis group to go out and look at the data on the stations that are actually streaming and they went to the same, the exact identical, markets that Mr. Halyburton went to and recorded the ones that were streaming. This was just done a couple months ago. So it's from September 2006 versus October 2005.

What you see is that a number of stations in the top 25 markets has increased, their streaming has increased from 423 to 790 and that constitutes over 61 percent of all radio stations. If you look at all 51 markets excluding Puerto Rico, it's just that Mr. Halyburton didn't included Puerto Rico, so we didn't, it would be comparable. You see that the share that were streaming went from 32 percent to over 57 percent in those markets.

Q Now how did the analysis group go about actually identifying those stations that are streaming in September of 2006?

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overall numbers you had reported in Figure 1

Page 74 1 question? Well, they started the same thing 1 2 2 MR. SMITH: Yes. that he did was which was you went to Radio JUDGE ROBERTS: If Radio Locator 3 Locators. It's a website that provides a list 4 said that the station was streaming -of all the streaming radio stations. So the 5 first thing we did was just went to them and 5 THE WITNESS: Yes. 6 JUDGE ROBERTS: -- would you have 6 saw -- You could just very simply click your group look and see if maybe they weren't? 7 through to the site we're streaming and verify 7 8 THE WITNESS: Yes. 8 that if Radio Locators said that it was 9 JUDGE ROBERTS: You did? streaming, we verified whether it actually was 9 THE WITNESS: Yes. We checked 10 10 streaming. We found that in every case that everyone and in every single case where Radio Radio Locators said that it was streaming it 11 11 Locator said it was streaming, they found that 12 12 was in fact streaming. in fact yes it was streaming. So the only 13 13 However in some cases, Radio 14 Locators did not say that it was streaming. 14 errors were the second type of Radio Locator not listing the streaming but in fact, it was. 15 So I asked the analysis group to go ahead and 15 16 JUDGE ROBERTS: Thank you. 16 go to the home page of those stations. They 17 all had home pages and see whether or not they 17 BY MR. SMITH: 18 O. Let me ask you to turn over Table 18 were streaming and they found that in many 2 on page 25. I don't think we have a blowup 19 cases even stations that weren't listed in 19 20 of this one, Professor, but this focuses on 20 Radio Locator were in fact streaming music. So 21 21 the top nine markets. Can you tell us why you I asked them to include those stations as 22 separately reported data with respect to those well. I understand that's also what Mr. 22 Page 75 nine? 1 Halyburton did or attempted to do. 1 2 2 Now do you have any basis to say Sure. It's a lot of work to go 3 and check each one of these stations. We see 3 for sure whether or not that increase in the 4 that there are hundreds or thousands to be 4 top 25 markets from 36.2 percent streaming to 5 checked and so Mr. Halyburton reports that he 5 61.5 percent streaming --6 A Right. 6 conducted a particularly thorough search of 7 just the top nine markets, I guess, with the 7 -- in 11 months is a reflection of 8 entry as opposed to simply bad data collection 8 assistance of Ms. Lawyer or maybe it's Ms. 9 Lawyer who did it for him. So these are the 9 by Mr. Halyburton back in 2005? 10 ones that I think we have more confidence that 10 We have no way of knowing for sure 11 he verified they actually were streaming. So how much of it was due to each of those 11 if you limited the comparison just to that 12 factors. I suspect that maybe some of each. 12 13 set, if you look at the bottom here, it's on 13 Certainly, we've seen a lot of entry into the 14 page 25, you look at say -- take the last 14 market if you look at other sources of data. line, the total number of stations that were 15 But also we found that the Radio Locators data 15 was less reliable than Dr. Halyburton or Mr. streaming in October 2005 according to Mr. 16 16 17 Halyburton said that he thought it was. So it 17 Halyburton was 35 percent or 191 stations and by September 2006, the number of stations 18 18 may be that they simply missed stations that 19 streaming had doubled to 382 constituting 61.9 were streaming that actually were streaming. 19 20 Let me ask you to turn over to 20 percent of all of the stations. And so -Q 21 How does that compare with the Table --21

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JUDGE ROBERTS: Can I just ask one

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Page 80 Page 78 then, Table 1? 1 industry? 1 2 2 A I did my best. I guess in It's actually very comparable. I 3 discovery they provided some data which I did 3 mean you get broadly the same numbers, 4 my best to interpret the revenues and costs 4 actually a smidgen higher but they're probably 5 5 that the simulcasters were reporting. within noise level. So since these were the 6 Referring then to Figure 7 in your 6 ones that he checked particularly carefully, 7 rebuftal, what is this portraying? 7 we think we have more confidence that this is 8 So here is the data that Clear 8 actual entry into the marketplace over the 9 9 Channel provided on their revenues from past 11 months. 10 streaming. As you can see it wasn't quite 10 What does that kind of entry tell 11 zero but it was very low in 2003. 2004 --11 you about market conditions? 12 12 MR. JOSEPH: Excuse me, Your Well, it's the same story again. 13 We're seeing every way we look at the data 13 Honor, a second. But I believe we're getting 14 into material that has been identified and put 14 which is that costs have come down. Revenues 15 have gone up. This is an attractive market 15 into record as protective under the Protective 16 Order and I just wanted to ask that the 16 and more and more companies are voting with 17 discussion with specific numbers, first of 17 their feet if you will, deciding to enter. 18 18 all, that I think that we're going to have to They find it a good value proposition in 19 ask that -- I'm going to have to move that the 19 droves really. I should this is an room be closed to be conducted under the 20 20 extraordinarily rapid pace of entry for any 21 21 industry. So you have to have very, very Protective Order with that demonstrative up 22 attractive conditions to get that level of 22 there and that discussion of specific numbers Page 79 Page 81 1 be identified as restricted. 1 entry. 2 2 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Any objection Now referring back to top of page 3 21, what does the data show us about Clear 3 to applying the Protective Order to Figure 7 4 and testimony related to the Figure 7? 4 Channel in particular and whether it is 5 5 MR. SMITH: No Your Honor. entering the market? 6 6 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Objection --It shows another corroboration of 7 the same point. We can look at it from a 7 The motion is granted. 8 8 MR. JOSEPH: Thank you, Your number of different perspectives is what Mr. 9 9 Honor. Off the record. Parsons said and if you look at - I think it 10 actually starts at the bottom of page 20. 10 (Whereupon, at 11:35 a.m., the 11 above-entitled matter recessed and reconvened 11 0 Correct. 12 12 at 11:40 a.m. the same day.) Back in 2003, there are apparently 13 13 no stations that Clear Channel had streaming 14 on the internet. By 2004, it was 150. Eight 14 15 15 months later it was 583 Clear Channel stations 16 were streaming. This is also what the Wall 16 17 17 Street Journal reported when they said about 18 18 half of the 1200 stations were streaming. So 19 you see this extraordinary entry, very rapid 19 20 entry, a rush to move into this opportunity. 20 21 Now did you also study growth of 21 22 22 revenue from streaming in the simulcaster

Page 95 Page 93 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: On the ads that they did count, where did those 1 1 2 appear? 2 record. 3 I believe they count them as just 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION (Cont'd) A 4 4 BY MR. SMITH: internet. 5 5 No, the ones they did count, not Do you have information about how 0 it was that Clear Channel categorized the 6 the ones they didn't count. 6 7 review that they were willing to label as 7 A Oh, they did count. Yes, so they counted as streaming revenues. 8 "streaming revenue"? 8 9 Yes. 9 But where? You said they didn't A 10 appear on the website. Where did they appear? 10 Q What they included and what they Oh, so their banners -- You don't 11 explained. 11 12 So they made some judgements about 12 mean actually the count of stream. You mean 13 how they would account for this revenue and as 13 they actually fit - Okay. So they appeared 14 for instance on the player which is really not I recall Mr. Parsons, let me see if I can find 15 his exact words, stated that they did not 15 a very valuable spot at all for advertising. And why is that? 16 include some types of advertising that perhaps 16 0 17 People may minimize it. Just in 17 should have been included. Specifically, he A testified that they include "in-stream ads, 18 general, the CPMs tend to be much lower for 18 gateway ads and banner ads" as it says on the 19 that, whereas the ads on the website itself 19 20 top of page 27 but apparently did not include are quite lucrative. 21 banner ads from the websites even though one 21 Okay. Now did you also look at of the main reasons that people go to the 22 and I don't want you to get into the specifics 22 Page 96 Page 94 websites is to listen to streaming radio. at the moment, you also looked at the revenue 1 1 2 2 growth for Bonneville and Susquehanna, two In fact, he himself said that 3 3 other simulcasters. people who came, who streamed, music were two 4 4 A Yes. to three times as likely to come to the 5 5 And can you tell us just where in website as people who didn't stream music. 0 your report -- Well, strike that. Is the However, he apparently - Their policy was 6 6 7 apparently not to count that as revenues. 7 Bonneville revenue represented in --8 8 Figure 2. Furthermore, he noted that they A 9 -- Figure 2 on page 408? would -- It was not uncommon for them to give O 10 away streaming in-stream ads as part of a 10 A 11 And is that consistent with the 11 bundle for advertisers who bought over-the-air Q 12 revenue growth that you reported for Clear 12 ads. Again, economically speaking, you would expect all of that revenue to have been 13 Channel? 13 14 Yes, broadly consistent. You see A 14 created by the -- all the in-stream ad revenue 15 this tremendous growth in streaming revenues 15 to have been created by the streaming radio. Yet none of it was accounted for in these and it doesn't matter whether you include that 16 16 17 one particular station or not. You still get 17 numbers. So in that sense, the way they 18 a similar pattern. 18 account for the numbers I believe leads to a 19 19 significant underestimate of the actual And if you -- Without giving 20 specific numbers, what did you find with 20 revenues. 21 respect to Susquehanna? And just so we're clear, the 21 So you could see in Figure 5 some 22 22 banners and other gateway ads and in-streams

Page 99 Page 97 you said Susquehanna. Okay. Yes. Clear evidence on their internet revenue and 1 1 2 2 Channel, we did have streaming expenses and expense. 3 aren't those -- Those are represented in 3 Q Did you get separate streaming 4 Figure 9. 4 revenue information from Susquehanna? 5 5 And then are they the same data as I thought I did. 6 represented as well in Figure 11? Is that 6 Let me refer to, refresh your Q 7 correct? 7 recollection, to the bottom of page 30. 8 8 A Yes. Right. Yes, we didn't make a 9 graph of that. Yes. So we did. 9 Q Okay. Why don't you tell us 10 generally how expenses relate to streaming 10 And what kind of a pattern did you revenue for Clear Channel without using the 11 11 see there, not using numbers? 12 12 numbers during 2005? Again, as it says at the bottom of 13 page 30, they increased quite dramatically. 13 Yes. So the expenses have grown 14 14 I won't say the exact numbers, but you can somewhat as their activities presumably have 15 grown, but the revenues have grown more 15 read them there and again as with the other ones, most of the increase appeared to have 16 rapidly and there's a growing surplus of 16 17 revenue over expenses over time. 17 occurred just relatively recently with last 18 half of 2005 and one would presume continuing 18 The next topic, Professor, is your 19 19 discussion of the promotional effects of on in 2006. 20 20 O Now in preparing for your webcasting and how you would respond to DiMA's 21 testimony, did you have anything that 21 witnesses who testified on that subject. 22 concerned about the data collection with 22 What's your basic opinion about the relevance Page 98 Page 100 of promotion as a factor that ought to be respect to Susquehanna? 1 1 2 2 considered here in setting the rate? Yes, in each case they provided 3 3 Certainly, promotion is one of the these tables of numbers that sometimes were 4 4 extremely small and blurry and the columns, factors that I think a willing buyer/willing 5 5 seller would take into account. you know, I had to make some inferences what the columns referred to. In the case of 6 6 Okay. Now but what's your 7 Susquehanna, I went back and looked at that 7 assessment in terms of whether or not that 8 would play a significant role in setting a 8 again recently and this figure that I mention 9 rate for a blanket license to all the 9 in here of -- Should I say the number? 10 The 2005 figure, how's that? 10 material? 11 Yes, the 2005 figure, that one I 11 So conceptually it's something  $\mathbf{A}$ A 12 they would consider. However, specifically, 12 went back and I'm not sure that I have 13 complete confidence in that particular number. 13 we don't know whether - What's important for 14 The way it was labeled was ambiguous and 14 promotion is whether the net promotional 15 15 that's my best estimate that it represents effect is positive or negative. Q What do you mean by net 16 their streaming revenues. But I'm not 16 promotional effect? 17 17 certain. 18 When companies webcast, there may 18 Did you also get information about 19

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be some promotional benefits in terms of

selling additional CDs or other types of sound

recordings, but there is also going to be some

substitution as I mentioned earlier. People

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Clear Channel's streaming related expenses?

Oh, Clear -- I'm sorry. I thought

No, I don't think so.

Clear Channel?

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who listen to a webcast generally aren't listening at the same time to some other sound recording. They may substitute. In fact, I'm sure they do on occasion substitute webcast listening for other ways of listening to music. So I'm not aware of any evidence that the net effect is positive, negative or zero. So I don't know that we have any basis for making any sort of a blanket adjustment.

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Now based on your review of the testimony from the first phase of the case, what's your assessment of the category of sound recordings that are most likely to have a net positive promotional effect?

15 Well, there may be some artists for which the net is more likely to be 16 17 positive and others that it's more likely to 18 be negative. I think the consensus in the 19 industry is that brand new artists or new 20 albums are more likely to benefit from 21 promotion. As Dr. Jaffe put it, I think he 22 said that record companies have long

each week receive the type of additional promotion that they claim increase sales.

So a blanketed adjustment I don't think would be appropriate. In fact, you'd be penalizing people who might be hurt by the promotion. If somebody was an established artist with an established album they might actually be hurt by this kind of promotion. So I don't think there's any doubt there's a great deal in variation in how much of the promotional effect, how big a promotional effect is, and what you'd want to do is therefore target your promotion to those artists or albums that could benefit from them.

And how would you compensate the webcasters for that promotional benefit in a free market situation?

Well, I believe it's very straightforward, very easy to do. You just offer than all sorts of inducements, whether it's give them discounts on those plays, those

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recognized that the promotion value inherit and traditional over the air play and have worked with terrestrial radio stations to promote new artists and new albums. So I think that those would be ones that would be most likely to benefit the new artists and new albums.

And if the willing buyer and Q willing seller were to conclude that the promotional benefit is focused primarily on new artists and new albums how would that affect the price if you were setting a price for the whole blanket license?

Well, it wouldn't make sense to incorporate it into a blanket license. I mean if the promotion is for a small subset or a subset of an artist, that's where you'd want to target the promotion and indeed according to Jay Frank at Yahoo only, small fractions are mentioned at the bottom of page 37 and top of page 38, only two or three out of the 6,000 to 10,000 songs that Yahoo adds to its service

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1 specific plays. Give them T-shirts. Have

2 stuff, paraphernalia that they can use in

3 their contests. You could have a general

4 arrangement that here are the three new

5 artists this month, this week, that we want to

6 have you promote and we're going to discount

7 or even eliminate the air time charges for

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some percentage of your webcasting in exchange

9 for promoting these artists, be very

10 straightforward and there are people who are very expert in designing these campaigns that 11 12 often involve many different components to 13 generate this kind of promotion.

14 JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Just a second. 15 If I could back up here just a few minutes 16 ago.

THE WITNESS: Sure.

JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Is it my understanding that you view this promotional aspect as a zero sum game?

21 THE WITNESS: I don't know what it 22 is. I mean there's so aspects in which it may

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well be a zero sum game. First off, there's the question as to whether or not there's new promotion or net substitution over all by webcasting. Secondly, even for the portion that's promotion, most of it I think is basically a zero sum game.

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Most of it when you get somebody to buy one album instead of another album, that's going to benefit one artist and hurt the other artist. I think that's the vast majority of the effect. As to how much of it leads to just an overall increase in album sales. I don't think there's any evidence on that one way or the other. But the key point is that it varies tremendously from one artist to another.

### BY MR. SMITH:

Now I wonder if we could turn then to Section 7 on noncommercial stations, a subject you've already heard a little bit about, but if we could summarize. Now is it your belief based on your economic analysis

would undercut your sales from your other customers and ultimately hurt your overall revenues.

Now if the seller decided to go Q ahead and take that risks, are there ways as you suggested here that they could minimize the risk of cannibalism or at least minimize the impact of cannibalism?

Yes, it's my judgment that just to be clear it would not be wise business decision and it wouldn't make economic sense to do this. But if there was other reason you decided to offer lower rates for other reasons that were noneconomic and not based on business profit maximization you could set some sort of a cap so that if the cannibalization got very severe it would stop. You could for instance have a maximum number of listeners that you would be able to have and still be subject to the favorable rate.

Now you also say in Section 7 that many noncommercial stations increasingly

Page 106

that the willing seller in this hypothetical market would set a special lower rate for noncommercial stations that are unable to pay the commercial rate?

> A So -- No. The answer is no.

Q Can you tell us why not? Sure. In some industries you may want to try to offer different prices for different customers. But in this industry, we're looking at essentially a digitally identical product and the listener can very trivially move from one station to another station just with a click of the mouse. So if you're offering the identical product and listeners can easily transfer from one to the other the risk of cannibalization is very real and it's enormous. That means that if you offered a lower rate to one set of customers it's possible, even likely, that listeners would go to the place that had lower subscription prices or fewer ads or whatever

to listen to the exact same product. That

resemble commercial stations in all aspects

1 2 relevant both to this proceeding and the 3 willing buyer/willing seller standard. Can

you tell us what you mean by that?

Yes. Basically in terms of the product that they're offering and the listeners that they get, they are very, very similar and in terms of their revenue streams, they are very similar, increasingly similar. Much of the underwriting and sponsorship at noncommercial stations very closely resembles advertising. They go to many of the same potential advertisers and they offer then either an in-stream or types of consideration that are very closely substitutable for advertising.

And did you also in your empirical research here come across noncommercial stations that are entering into the side channel marketplace?

Yes, quite a few of them. NPR offers side channels and they even sell them

Page 112

Page 109 to other stations to stream just as Clear Channel and others do. I understand they recently even are opening some sort of a portal potentially. Can you tell us what you understand the NPR portal to be all about? Yes. It's a site where people can go and get music and learn about it and download and it really has many of the

think would be seen as a direct competitor. MR. TAYLOR: I object. There is no discussion of NPR's portals in his rebuttal

characteristics of other music portals and I

14 testimony, Your Honor. 15 MR. SMITH: I believe there is,

Your Honor. Let me just check. 16

17 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: We seem to have an exhibit about it that the site was on. 18

19 I'm quite sure about that.

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20 THE WITNESS: Yes. It says right

21 here at the top of page 41, "NPR is also

22 developing a digital music distribution portal

1 to their revenue prospects.

> 2 Mr. Robedee testified that - What was his number? I think it was ten. Yes, as 3 4 it says on page 42, "Many noncommercial 5 stations have ten or fewer listeners at any 6 one time." So say you doubled that and had a 7 cap of 20, that would presumably not adversely 8 affect the many have ten or fewer listeners at 9 a time. So they could benefit from this lower 10 rate without, in my judgment, doing severe damage to the DiMA webcasters and the other 11 webcasters and ultimately to the owners of the 12 13 sound recordings.

Just before we conclude, Professor, just to clarify something which I've been informed might not be too clear, going back to the sales of advertising in 2006 for Clear Channel by Ronning Lipset, do you have any understanding about whether there are additional advertising dollars that Clear Channel receives for its streaming that were

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1 Certainly, yes. Absolutely. This 2 is just -- My impression is it's largely

3 incremental. They have their own advertising

not done through the Ronnie Lipset Agency?

4 people that are experts. In fact in

particular, they make a tremendous amount of 5 6

revenue from their local markets.

7 MR. SMITH: Your Honor, if I could 8 just have a moment to check with my 9 colleagues.

10 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Yes sir. MR. SMITH: Nothing further, Your 11

12 Honor.

13 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Any cross by

14 DiMA?

MR. SUGARMAN: Thank you, Your 15

16 Honor.

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**CROSS EXAMINATION** 17 18 BY MR. SUGARMAN:

19 Good afternoon, Dr. Brynjolfsson. Q

> A Good afternoon.

Would you turn to page three of

your written rebuttal statement?

to be launched at the end of this year" and it 1 2 references Exhibit 212 RP.

3 MR. TAYLOR: My apologies, Your 4 Honor.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Overruled. BY MR. SMITH:

Now assuming a seller decided that the cannibalization risk was too high as you recommend, how would that seller go about deciding where to set the price and how many buyers to sort of allow to be among those who

11 12 could afford to buy the product?

I think you wouldn't want to have 13 14 a really huge station with hundreds of 15 thousands of listeners be subject to this

16 lower rate because that would clearly be

17 direct competitor and demand cannibalization.

18 However, I think if it was a very small

19 station, you know, a college station, that

20 didn't have a significant amount of

21 cannibalization, that might be acceptable or

at least it wouldn't do a whole lot of damage

Page 113 Page 115 1  $\mathbf{A}$ No. Yes. 1 A 2 2 Well, have you done any analysis And at the very top of the page 3 of the percent of the sound recording owners' under Subsection B, you there are summarizing one of the points that you say Dr. Jaffe 4 revenue that comes from the royalties from 5 5 makes. Correct? webcasting? 6 6 Yes. And you say that he says, A Broadly speaking, yes. 7 "All essential inputs with no incremental 7 And don't you find that that ratio 8 is basically, well, one-tenth of a percent of 8 costs must have the same price." Now you're the \$7 billion of revenues to the sound 9 9 not saying that he's saying that any time 10 there are two essential inputs with no 10 recording owners comes from the royalties? 11 I think that's approximately the 11 incremental costs, they must have the same 12 12 right ratio. price, are you? 13 That's my best understanding of 13 0 So you wouldn't say that infinitesimal? 14 his testimony. 14 15 15 So no matter what the symbiosis if No, infinitesimal means 16 you will between one cost and another is, what 16 arbitrarily close to zero. Infinitesimal is 17 basically indistinguishable from zero. You 17 you're saying he's saying is if they're both 18 essential they're the same value. 18 just pointed out that it amounts to millions 19 A And if there are no incremental 19 of dollars. To me, millions of dollars is not 20 20 costs. infinitesimal --21 21 Even when compared to \$7 billion Right. That's what --Q Q 22 22 of revenue, that's what you're saying. A That's what he appeared to be Page 116 Page 114 You can compare it to any number 1 arguing. 1 2 Now there was some testimony 2 you want. It's still millions of dollars. 3 3 earlier today about Dr. Jaffe's view of Okay. Now isn't it true that what 4 4 whether webcasters will seek to recover a Dr. Jaffe is really saying is that just like 5 portion of their fixed costs from the revenues 5 any other profit maximizing business, the 6 6 owners of the sound recording will seek to derived, I'm sorry, whether the sound 7 realize as much revenue from any source as 7 recording owners will seek to recover any of 8 their fixed costs from the revenue derived 8 possible? That's what he says, isn't it? 9 from webcasting revenues. Correct? 9 At one point he does that, 10 10 something like that, as I recall. A 11 Q And at the bottom of page eight, 11 Something like that, but he says you're saying that Dr. Jaffe suggests that the 12 that because the revenues are such a small 12 13 part, we'll not say infinitesimal. 13 owners of sound recordings will not seek to 14 recover a portion of their future fixed costs 14 I'd say relatively small. 15 Well, such a small part, they 15 from webcasting because it's a relatively 16 don't depend on it to recover fixed costs. 16 small market. That's what you're saying he's 17 That's what he says, isn't that right? 17 saying. Right?

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that.

I think he says something like

Okay, and that argument that he

makes was really a response to the argument

that was made by either you or Dr. Pelcovits

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That's correct.

recording owners' revenue?

Okay. Now first of all, isn't it

an infinitesimal not relatively small portion

of the webcasters, I'm sorry, of the sound

Page 117 Page 119 1 that says that the sunk costs argument is 1 BY MR. SUGARMAN: 2 And is that the testimony that 2 invalid because the sound recording owners if 3 you've cited in your report about the Broken 3 they don't get high revenue will --4 Down Bus for Room Full of Blues? (Off the record comments.) 4 5 5 BY MR. SUGARMAN: Yes. 6 6 Okay. I'll get to that in a Let me start again. Wasn't Dr. Q 0 7 7 second, but aren't you familiar with Mr. Jaffe's argument about the sound recording Kushner's testimony in which he said that the 8 8 owners not looking to webcasting revenues 9 9 investments that his company makes in the really a response to an argument that the 10 value chain of music are investments that they 10 sound recording owners were making is that if 11 make basically irrespective of the presence or 11 you lower revenues you're going to inhibit the 12 creation of new music? 12 existence of webcasting? Are you aware of 13 13 that testimony? A I think it may well have been. 14 Okay, and isn't the fact that 14 0 I'm vaguely aware of it. I don't 15 first of all the decision to license or not 15 recall specifically reading that. 16 license by the sound recording owners will 16 And he then goes on to say that have no impact on their decisions to spend 17 those expenses would be made if webcasting 17 18 dollars in the creation of new music? 18 disappeared from the planet. Did you read 19 19 that? What was the very first part of 20 20 I don't recall. your question there? A 21 Isn't it true that the decision to 21 Q That testimony you would agree 22 license or not license in this market will 22 with me would validate the point that no Page 118 Page 120 have no impact on the decisions that the sound matter whether there's a webcasting license or 1 1 recording owners make with respect to the 2 not and whether it's X or XXX would make no 2 3 3 amount of money that they're going to spend to difference in the label's decisions with 4 create new music? 4 respect to the value chain of music. Right? 5 5 A No, I don't think that's true. A No, I don't agree. 6 6 Isn't there testimony in this very You don't agree. Q 7 case that that's true? 7 I think that would be a 8 8 MR. SMITH: Objection, Your Honor. misunderstanding of how these decisions are 9 9 I don't believe that's a proffer of made. 10 10 impeachment. It just states in their 0 Now let's talk about the Room Full testimony somewhere, a sixth month proceeding 11 11 of Blues which you talk about on page nine of 12 12 your testimony and you're referring to that 13 MR. SUGARMAN: Have you --13 testimony as I understand it to demonstrate 14 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Overruled. 14 the point in which you make in the first full 15 MR. SUGARMAN: You may answer the 15 page on page nine where you say, "In 16 16 question. particular, the ability of labels to pay the 17 THE WITNESS: I think there is --17 costs of music creation is effected by each dollar of revenue they receive." Then you go 18 18 My recollection is there is some testimony 19 specifically to the opposite that the revenues 19 on to give the example of the Room Full of 20 Blues and Room Full of Blues is not a label. 20 that are provided by Sound Exchange have a 21 21 very real effect on the ability of -- on the Correct? 22 22 creation of music. A That's correct.

Page 123 Page 121 get from Sound Exchange and other sources. So O It's a band. 1 1 2 the thrust of the argument that you asked 2 A That's correct. 3 about, this is an example of revenues coming 3 0 Okay. So at the very first level, 4 in, allowing music creation to continue as the royalties that are received by Room Full 5 5 Alligator Records, Mr. Iglauer's label, work of Blues have nothing to do with the ability closely with Room Full of Blues to do 6 6 of their label, whomever that is, to create 7 precisely that. 7 music. Isn't that right? 8 MR. SUGARMAN: Your Honor, I move 8 No, that's not correct. 9 9 to strike that answer. All of what he just Well, Room Full of Blues is not a 10 said with respect to what labels might do and 10 label. We agreed on that. 11 the amount that they pass on or don't pass on 11 A Yes, that's correct. 12 appears nowhere in his rebuttal report which 12 0 And I think what you said at your deals only as I read it with the ability of deposition is that you viewed this example as 13 13 14 this band to fix its bus and get to its gig. allowing Room Full of Blues to fix its Bus and 14 15 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Motion 15 get to its gig and create music. Right? denied. He's answering the question. 16 16 A Yes, that's correct. 17 BY MR. SUGARMAN: 17 0 Okay. So that's helping the 18 Q Now, Dr. Brynjolfsson, though all 18 ability of the band to get to the gig and 19 of this testimony with respect to the recovery 19 create music. Right? 20 of costs is relevant in economic terms to the 20 A Yes. 21 0 That has nothing to do with the 21 question of whether the costs that are 22 expended by the sound recording owners have 22 ability of the band's label to create music, Page 122 Page 124 1 does it? 1 any impact on their decisions, I'm sorry, 2 2 whether the licensing would have any impact on A I wouldn't say it has nothing to 3 3 their decisions to create additional music. do with it. 4 Well, that's not the thrust of the 4 Isn't that right? 5 5 example you were giving. The thrust of the A Not exactly. 6 Let me put it a different way. 6 example you were giving is this royalty 7 allowed the band to fix the bus and get to the 7 Isn't the -- We talk a lot about sunk costs. 8 8 Okay? And just so we're clear what sunk cost gig and create music. Right? 9 means sunk costs include those which have been 9 The thrust of the argument was 10 expended in that past. Correct? 10 that Sound Exchange provides royalties which 11 Yes, that's correct. 11 are paid to bands and labels. It was a little A 12 And would include any costs to be 12 bit unclear from what Mr. Iglauer say as to 13 expended in the future if the decision to 13 whether the check came through the label. I 14 know that the label also gets checks often 14 expend those costs was irreversible. Right? 15 If the decision had already been 15 times in conjunction with it. A lot of labels made and it's irreversible, then that would 16 will deduct their own costs for artist's 16 17 also be considered a sunk cost. 17 repertoire costs before they turn over the Okay. So as is relevant to this 18 18 residue to the bands. So they work quite case, if the decisions with respect to the 19 closely in making the bands successful. Often 19

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the label will front significant costs to get

the band going and then deduct from that,

deduct those expenses from the revenues they

albums that the record companies are going to

already irreversibly been made, then you would

be releasing in the next five years have

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agree that those costs are sunk costs. Right?

### A This is a hypothetical?

Q I'll treat it as a hypothetical and I mean it bears some --

A I don't think it bears any relationship to what actually happens, but hypothetically if they made all their commitments now irreversibly to what music they would be creating for the next five years, then those would be sunk costs.

11 Q Sunk costs. Okay. Whether that's 12 borne out by the record that's something that 13 the judges will decide.

### A Yes.

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Q Not me. So the economic relevance of sunk costs is that licensors don't consider them when deciding whether to license. Right?

### A If they're being fully rational, they shouldn't. Right.

Q Okay. Now switching to a different subject for a second, your model depends, does it not, on the accurate

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### A Are you referring to a particular point?

Well, I think there was some Q general testimony this morning about whether the market was competitive, not competitive. It's also in your report, but let's focus it more clearly. Please turn to page ten of your written testimony and you're here talking about the benchmark that Dr. Pelcovits used in the second paragraph and you're saying that, about five lines down, "Furthermore, the market for on-demand sound recordings reflects essentially the same buyers and sellers and essentially the same relative bargaining power." And you're comparing there the ondemand streaming market with the DMCA compliant streaming market which are the two markets Dr. Pelcovits deals with. Correct?

### A Yes I am.

Q But that statement is at least somewhat inconsistent, isn't it, with the testimony that you gave this morning where you

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estimation of revenues and costs?

### A Well, the degree of precision of the answer will be related to the degree of precision of the data in that sense. Yes.

Q Put another way if the cost and revenue estimates that you're making going forward are unreliable then your model and the underpinnings of your model would as well be unreliable.

# A They would have a reliability that would be a function of the various different sources of data. Absolutely.

Q And you would agree with me that there is certainly some uncertainly with respect to predicting the costs and revenues in this business as with any business.

# A As with any business, there is going to be ranges of uncertainty, probably less in this case than many others.

Q Now you talked a bit in your testimony about the market and the competitive nature of the market.

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1 acknowledged that with respect to the DMCA

2 compliant market the webcasters don't

3 necessarily need the repertoire of all four

4 labels where I assume you would agree that in
5 the on-demand market the webcasters do need

6 all four?

### A You're assuming incorrectly.

Q Excuse me?

### A You're assuming incorrectly.

Q Incorrectly, I see. But you did say this morning -- Well, let me restart. You would agree that with respect to the on-demand streaming market the webcasters need the repertoire of all four labels, would you not?

### A No. I wouldn't.

Q So you're saying that even with respect to the on-demand market, a webcaster could exist without all four. Is that what you're saying?

### A Yes, that's what I'm saying.

Q Okay. And so having said that, you say that the DMCA compliant market is the

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same in that regard.

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It's the same -- I'd say it's  $\mathbf{A}$ similar.

O Similar, okay. Do you see -- You do see some difference, don't you, between the necessity of the webcasters in the on-demand market to have all four as opposed to the necessity of the webcasters in the DMCA compliant market to have all four?

10 I think they are broadly similar. As I noted here, I think they are quite 11 12 similar markets, quite similar groups. One difference is of course that by definition in 13 14 DMCA market we have a statutory license. So 15 people can just -- They automatically have a 16 license. So there's no real decision to be 17 made about whether you use all four. In the on-demand market, they actually have to choose 18 19 whether or not they use the major record 20 labels or not. So we have some evidence that 21 in fact that in some cases they choose not to.

Page 131 to go listen to these 26 songs in this order." 1

> On the contrary, the on-demand webcasters do all manner of recommender engines and guiding towards one song versus another. This is the hot song. Similarly, in the webcasting market, the webcasters can influence what you listen to but they can't force you to listen to a particular station versus another station. People choose. Some people may choose to listen to folk and other people may listen to classic rock. So in both cases there is some element of influence that the webcasters have and there is some element of choice on the part of the consumers.

In the on-demand market, the listener has the ability, does he or she not, to pull the artists and the selections that he or she wants to listen to?

Yes. A

O Conversely in the DMCA compliant market, and let's talk about the ad supportive DMCA compliant market, the listener basically

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terminology which is sometimes used to describe these two markets which is on-demand and DMCA compliance as one's a pull market and one's a push market? Have you heard that?

I've heard pull and push. I actually don't recall it being applied specifically to those two markets.

Are you familiar with the

Would it refresh your recollection if I told you that the pull market is describing the on-demand market because in that market the listener pulls in the music and the push market is the DMCA compliant market because in that instance the webcasters push the music.

If someone were to describe them that way, I would say that would be a vast oversimplification. In fact, the reality is that in both markets the webcasters have significant influence over what songs people listen to. If you go to any of the on-demand sites, you'll see that people don't just go there with this preset list, "Okay, I'm going

tunes in and listens for the next two hours or three hours to the selections that are pushed to that listener by the webcaster. Correct?

Well, as I just stated, I believe that the listeners actually have a great deal of discretion over what kinds of music they listen to in both markets and also for that matter the webcasters have discretion over which ones they encourage people to listen to. But certainly specifically in the case of webcasting, it's not like there's just one stream you go to. You can't turn any dials and make any adjustments. On the contrary, there are thousands of streams mainly which are extremely focused, extremely narrow, and you can have a great deal of choice as to what kind of music you listen to. That's one of the nice things about webcasting.

But even assuming that that's correct in the DMCA compliant market, isn't it true that once you've made that decision, let's say you want to listen to folk and go on

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a DMCA compliant webcast, you basically sit there and listen to the folk music that's being pushed to you for the next three hours or four hours or two hours. Right?

A Or 30 seconds.

Q Right.

A I don't think -- I think it's a misunderstanding to characterize it the way you characterize it. I think that people will switch around. In fact, I don't recall the exact rules off the top of my head. You even have some choice as to saying there are particular artists, particular songs, you'd like to listen to more frequently. Certainly you can choose different stations and if you're like me, you change stations when you start hearing a song you don't like.

Q So are you saying that in a DMCA - yes, in a DMCA compliant situation when they
ask you on the folk station which artists you
would like and you say James Taylor or Carly
Simon to pick an interesting duo and you're

do.

Q But just in this narrow example where you go on the folk station in a DMCA compliant market and assume you're going to sit there and listen to it and you like James Taylor and Carly Simon, that there's no necessary expectation that you're going to hear those in the two or three hours. On the other hand in an on-demand situation, you actually say I want James Taylor and Carly Simon and if you don't get them, you're going to be really disappointed. Isn't that fair?

Q I think it's close to fair. I don't think it's exactly accurate. I think I would be disappointed if I went to a station that I expected to play James Taylor and after two or three hours they didn't. I would be disappointed and I would probably change the station well before it reached that point.

But I think if the point you're trying to make is that you have more control, absolutely you have more control in on-demand

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saying that that influences the music that you're going to hear in the next 30 seconds, 30 minutes or three hours?

A Certainly I know there are stations that play more like you can use various services that if you want to listen to more James Taylor you can find stations that will play more James Taylor or Carly Simon or anyone else. So you can find those stations and listen to them. As I recall, there is some dispute about the exact rules as to how much control you can have where it stops being DMCA compliant, where it starts being DMCA compliant. I don't remember, sorry, the exact

Q Three hours and one artist and the like?

A I don't recall exactly what it is. But I think that the basic point is that most, at least I and I think a lot of other people, will when they hear a song they don't like they can change the station. It's not hard to Page 136

but I don't think it's a complete dichotomy the way you were setting it up.

Q And then getting back to where we started, doesn't that more control make it imperative that the webcasters in the ondemand market have all four where in the DMCA compliant market as you've said earlier they might be able to get away with not having all four?

A No. I mean it would help to illustrate the point if you were aware that there is on-demand webcasters that don't have all four. My understanding is that the eMusic is the second largest on-demand provider for digital, for downloads, and they don't have licenses with all four.

Q Any of the major webcasters that we've been talking about in this proceeding, Yahoo, AOL, Microsoft, in the on-demand have less than all four?

A Those, no, not to my knowledge. (Off the record discussion.)

Page 139 Page 137 A That's correct. 1 1 MR. SUGARMAN: Your Honors, this 2 So you didn't go behind that and would be, I have more, but this is a good time determine or try to determine whether AOL and to take a break if you're -- It is 12:30 p.m. 3 3 Yahoo and Microsoft actually went beyond the 4 I understand that's normally the lunch hour. 5 published rates and negotiated something 5 So if you'd like to break for lunch, that 6 different, did you? 6 would be fine. 7 A I don't know. I don't know if 7 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Thank you. 8 they did. 8 We'll recess to 2:00 p.m. Off the record. 9 So you don't know then that those 9 (Whereupon, at 12:31 p.m., the 0 10 three have lump sum agreements at a lower rate 10 above-entitled matter recessed to reconvene at 11 than the published rates. Right? 11 2:05 p.m. the same day.) 12 I know that this is the standard 12 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: On the record. We'll come to order. Mr. Sugarman. rate that SESAC offers, but I don't know what 13 13 CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.) 14 other agreements may be that they may have 14 15 done. 15 BY MR. SUGARMAN: Dr. Brynjolfsson, on the bottom of 16 Now you referred this morning to 16 page 11 and going over to page 12 of your 17 SX Exhibit 207. Would you turn to that 17 please? 18 report, you criticized Dr. Jaffe, do you not, 18 19 The big one? 19 for not referring to or analyzing SESAC? A 20 It's the big one. That's right. 20 Correct? 21 And I'm assuming Dr. Brynjolfsson that you've 21  $\mathbf{A}$ Well, I note that there are a actually gone through this and studied it and 22 22 range of different values you can get Page 138 Page 140 1 depending on which of the PROs you look at 1 analyzed it. Correct? 2 I've looked at every page of it. 2 including SESAC. 3 You say, "Dr. Jaffe's analysis 3 Okay. What is it? Q 4 4 ignores the only PRO that actually licenses  $\mathbf{A}$ It's an Analyst Day Presentation 5 5 its catalog in the free market without a by Yahoo. 6 6 consent decree limiting its activities and All right. And you know what 7 Analyst's Presentations are? 7 then you go on to talk about SESAC. Correct? 8 8 The company is describing its A That's correct. 9 9 business to analysts and it's available to the And I listened to your answer 10 before about SESAC and I think the record will 10 public. show that the first thing you said was "SESAC Okay. Now would you look at page 11 11 Q 27 and that's a depiction of the home pages of 12 negotiated" and then you changed and said, 12 "SESAC offered rates" and that's because 13 Yahoo in '95, '99, 2005. Is that right? 13 14 you're not familiar with the negotiation if 14  $\mathbf{A}$ Apparently yes. there was one between SESAC and the 15 And as I look at it and correct me 15 16 if I'm wrong, music is mentioned once in each 16 webcasters, are you? home page, right, under Entertainment in the 17 17 Well, the evidence I have is the agreement that they call their standard 18 first two, then, you know, a big list of areas 18 19 in the third? Right? 19 agreement. That's what I have in terms of 20 Well, obviously the first two, 20 what they may have negotiated.

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And that's the published rates,

the standard rates. Correct?

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half of the pages are covered. So we don't

know. I can't tell from this looking what's

under them. On the third one, the 2005 one, yes, I do see it there in that box at the top.

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Q Right. Okay, but I appreciate your pointing out that half of them are masked. But on that which you can see, you would agree with me, would you not, that music is, we won't infinitesimal, small part of the offerings on the Yahoo home page?

A In the past years, in '95 and '99, I think that's fair to say.

Q And you would not think it fair to say with respect to 2005?

13 Well, it's frankly a little hard to read because even bottom of this page is 14 15 apparently cut off. I did visit the Yahoo home page recently just to refresh my memory 16 17 and I remember noticing that music was 18 mentioned, I think, at least three times on 19 the current Yahoo home page quite prominently 20 I would say.

Q Can you recall whether music is mentioned at all in any of the other 180 some Page 143

1 I'm not sure what you mean by 2 studies or analyses. I certainly have done a 3 great deal of research and teaching on the 4 spillovers, the importance of different types 5 of spillovers on portals, and I've certainly 6 read the documents that Yahoo and others provided and in particular, I have in mind 7 some extensive presentations by Mr. Robert 8 9 Roback where he indicated that he thought that 10 spillovers were very important and that music 11 was an important part of Yahoo's overall business strategy. But my question had the 12 word "quantify" in it and my question is have 13 14 you done any studies or analyses to quantify 15 the spillover effect whichever way it may 16 spill.

A To quantify it, I would have to say no.

19 Q Now turning to promotion, I think 20 you indicated before that you agree with Dr. 21 Jaffe --

A Are we done with this exhibit?

Page 142

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odd pages of this Analyst Day Presentation?

A You know I looked at a lot of Yahoo materials including PowerPoints like this. I remember quite a bit of discussion of music. I don't remember which pages it was on.

MR. SUGARMAN: Your Honor, I move to strike that as non-responsive. I asked him about this particular document.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Granted. BY MR. SUGARMAN:

Q So my only question, Dr.

Brynjolfsson, is do you recall whether music is mentioned on any one of the other 180 some odd pages of SX 207?

A I can't recall specifically which pages I saw music mentioned.

Q And as I understand your testimony, you haven't done any studies or analyses to quantify the spillover effect of music and other features on the Yahoo website or others. Is that right?

Page 144

1 Q Yes. That you agree with Dr.
2 Jaffe that record companies have recognized
3 the promotional value on terrestrial radio.
4 Correct?

A For new art, I don't think you — The full quote was specifically for new artists and new albums as I recall. Is there a particular place you're referring to?

Q Okay. If that's your recollection, that's fine, new artists and new albums and that's indeed the focus of your testimony that promotional value is there for new artists and new albums. Right?

A Yes, I would agree with that.

Q Okay, and but that you don't think that there ought to be an adjustment because it would be unfair to the labels that don't get that benefit. Right?

A Well, I think my answer is more complicated than that.

Q Isn't it that you have no way to judge which labels will benefit from and which

won't benefit from the promotional effect and therefore there shouldn't be an adjustment to a blanket license?

A That's a portion of it. If you would like, I would give the full answer, but that's a piece of it.

Q Well, you would at least agree with that as far as it went.

### A That that's a portion of the reasoning, yes.

Q Okay. Now focusing in on the benefit, you earlier testified I think with respect to Table 1, page 7, the chart that Mr. Smith put up that 50 percent of sales of record companies in the last two years were of current releases. Is that correct?

### A Yes, that's what the Figure 1 shows.

19 Q Right, and those current releases 20 are the releases which get the sum of the 21 promotional benefit. Correct?

A At least some of it.

Page 147

songs received the additional promotion thatYahoo claims increases sales."

Q Okay, but my question is in your written testimony you didn't make the distinction that only some new artists and new albums benefit as opposed to the blanket statements which I think is what I see here that new artists and new albums benefit from promotion. Isn't that right?

A Well, that statement is in quotes is what Mr. Jaffe was saying and the following sentence clarifies that there may be some promotional effect for certain new and unknown artists. I don't go on to say that I know with any certainty that there is or that they do get promotions or that they don't. My point is much more general than that. It's not really meant to be real specific about exactly who gets it and who doesn't.

Q And the reason that you can't be more specific is that just as in the spillover effect, you haven't done any analysis to

Page 146

Q Right.

A I mean at some of -- Let me -Actually that's a little backwards. At least
some of the promotional benefit -- At least
some of these releases get some of the
promotional benefit, yes. I wouldn't
necessarily think that all of them get
promotional benefits.

Q So you're now trying to segment among certain new artists and new releases that do get and certain new artists and releases that don't get promotional benefit.

#### A Yes.

Q Did you make that distinction in your written testimony?

A My point of the written testimony was simply to note that there are some artists now who get promotional benefit and other that don't and in addition to the new artists and new albums point, also down at the bottom it noted, I quoted Mr. Jay Frank of Yahoo that "two to three out of their 6,000 to 10,000

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quantify the effect of promotion or indeed substitution for that matter. Correct?

# A That's correct. I'm not aware that anybody has done such a study or that anybody knows with any certainty.

Q Right. Now are you saying that if one album gets a promotional benefit which results in somebody buying it that necessarily that person won't buy an album that he or she otherwise would have bought? Is it a "zero sum game" to quote Judge Wisniewski?

sum game" to quote Judge Wisniewski?

A I don't know if it's precisely a
zero sum game, but I know that in general when
retailers promote products, most of the effect
or often times the effect really just
redistributing around the consumer's wallet
from one product to another. I mean I can
think of -- I have a recollection that
Blockbuster promoted some movies at the
expense of other movies and there wasn't any
real net change in their overall sales. It

was just helping certain studios and hurting

Page 152

Page 149

other studios.

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With respect to second albums, you don't know based on any work that you've done whether when a consumer as a result of a promotion or as a result of hearing a song on a webcast goes out and buys an album that that person is not buying another album or whether it's just incremental. You don't know one way or the other. Isn't that fair?

I don't know with certainty but I think I know enough about how these businesses work that I would be fairly confident that at least a significant portion of it would come at the expense of other artists and other albums, but I have not quantified it.

And indeed you haven't actually studied that phenomenon in connection with your work in this case, have you?

Well, I'm not exactly sure how to interpret the word "study." I mean it's an area of something I teach and do research on. I'm familiar with the general way these

1 42 of your written testimony? Actually it's

2 on page 43. It's part of the conclusion.

3 Midway down on the page you reaffirmed your

4 proposal of a flexible rate structure

5 including both revenue sharing and per

performance floor which "would offer improved 6

risk sharing compared to having just one of 7

its components?" Do you see that? 8

 $\mathbf{A}$ Yes, I do.

Okay. So taking those two a per performance floor would set a minimum or protect the labels on the downside. Correct?

A Yes.

0 And at the other end of the spectrum, a revenue share would allow the labels to participate in the upside if the webcasters happened to be successful.

18 Correct?

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19 A Yes. 20 Q So the labels are protected on the

21 downside and share in the upside. Right?

> Yes. A

Page 150

promotions tend to work and I think I can apply that expertise to this case.

But you didn't do anything specifically with respect to this case to validate or not validate your general overall view based on your teaching and experience in other areas. Is that right?

I wouldn't -- I don't think so. I don't think that's quite accurate. I mean I really did try to make some effort to try to see if we could quantify promotions and I read a lot of the literature on this by other academics on it and I was unable to identify any specific research narrowly on this question of promotion and substitutions.

16 There's sort of some near misses around the 17 general area having to - and those were

18 consistent with my general understanding of

19 the way promotions and substitutions work, so

an overall picture that I feel comfortable

21 with.

> Q Okay. Would you turn now to page

And to you that's improved risk 1 Q 2 sharing?

> A Yes, it is.

MR. SUGARMAN: I don't have anything further.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Before you complete, Mr. Sugarman, I want to clarify a question that Mr. Smith raised earlier. I don't see that it affects your presentation at

10 all. That's the reason I've waited till this

point to address this. Mr. Smith asked if the 11

12 adoption of the regulations on procedure

13 affect the practice on the record of the

14 written statements and the record on exhibits.

15 With those procedures being implemented in the

16 middle of this proceeding, we will continue

17 throughout this proceeding with the practice

that exhibits that are not in the written 18

19 statement to be part of the record will have

to be offered and admitted and nothing 20

21 further. I want to be sure that that 22 statement does not indicate or establish any

Page 153 Page 155 1 rule or any clear interpretation of where our 1 Correct? 2 2 regs as amended identify and as we begin a new  $\mathbf{A}$ The way I read it is he made a 3 decision to ignore and apparently used his 3 proceeding in our pretrial conference, these 4 expert judgment that that was the appropriate 4 matters will be addressed. 5 way to proceed and I inferred from that that 5 MR. SMITH: Thank you, Your Honor. 6 MR. JOSEPH: Thank you, Your 6 he thought that that was the right thing to 7 7 do. Honor. 8 8 MR. JOSEPH: Move to strike. I CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Joseph. 9 asked whether he quoted any assertions by Dr. 9 MR. JOSEPH: Thank you, Your 10 Jaffe to that effect. 10 Honors. 11 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Denied. 11 CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.) 12 BY MR. JOSEPH: 12 BY MR. JOSEPH: 13 Well, in fact, Dr. Brynjolfsson, 13 Good afternoon, Dr. Brynjolfsson. Q Dr. Jaffe never actually says that you should 14 Good afternoon, Mr. Joseph. 14 A ignore other benchmarks, does he? 15 And welcome back. 15 0 16 A He doesn't say it explicitly. 16 Thank you. Go to see you. A Thank you. Now in Footnote 6, is 17 Q It's probably not my place to do 17 it correct that you identify the benchmarks 18 that. Dr. Brynjolfsson, on pages two and 18 19 that you criticize him for ignoring? 19 three of your written rebuttal testimony, is 20 Those are examples of benchmarks 20 it correct to say you criticized Dr. Jaffe on 21 21 the grounds that in your view his hypothesis that I criticized him for ignoring. 22 relies or what you call his hypothesis relies 22 Okay. You mention ring tones, Page 154 Page 156 1 on a chain of mistaken assumptions and music videos, clip samples. You also mention 1 2 assertions? 2 historical agreements. To what historical 3 3 agreements are you referring there? A Yes, that's correct. 4 And one of the mistaken 4 I'm trying to remember. I think I 5 5 assumptions and assertions that you attribute had in mind there the historical agreements 6 to Dr. Jaffe on page three in 2D is that 6 that were made prior to the CARP. 7 evidence of other benchmarks should be 7 Now I just asked you which 8 8 benchmarks you believe Dr. Jaffe choose to ignored. Is that an assertion or an 9 9 ignore and you said the benchmarks identified assumption that you attribute to Dr. Jaffe? 10 10 in Footnote 6 are just examples. Do you Two B. 11 remember when I asked you the same question at 11 Q Two D, Delta. 12 12 your deposition on November 3rd and I asked Oh, 2D. Yes.  $\mathbf{A}$ 13 Now you don't cite any statements 13 you what benchmarks do you believe he choose 14 of Dr. Jaffe to that effect, do you, looking 14 to ignore and you said ring tones, music videos and clip samples? 15 at the footnote or anywhere else in the 15 16 testimony that you'd like? 16 That sounds consistent. I could 17 17 check, but that sounds probably consistent. Well, what I -- To be clear what I 18 MR. JOSEPH: Well, just so we can 18 cite is his ignoring of the other benchmarks. 19 get this out of the way, why don't we hand out 19 But to be clear, my question was 20 what we'll mark as Services Rebuttal Exhibit 20 you don't cite any statements of Dr. Jaffe or 21 4 and I apologize, Your Honors, for actually 21 there's no assertion if you will that evidence 22 burdening you with a second copy of the 22 from other benchmarks should be ignored.

			3:
	Page 157		Page 159
1	deposition, but the pagination of the copy	1	you are saying or what you are criticizing Dr.
, 2	that Mr. Taylor handed out is different than	2	Jaffe for is your belief that he should have
3	the one I have. It would slow things down	3	looked at these markets for information about
4	dramatically. Plus I believe you'll find the	4	the relative value of sound recordings and
5	one I'm handing out is probably easier to	5	musical works?
6	read. So if I have your indulgence.	6	A Not necessarily.
7	(Whereupon, the document	7	Q Let me again refer you to your
8	referred to was marked	8	deposition. Do you remember when I asked you
9	as Services Rebuttal	9	the same question, "Are you saying Dr. Jaffe
10	Exhibit No. 4 for	10	should have used the price paid for the sound
11	identification.)	11	recording performance right in clip samples as
12	THE WITNESS: Any other	12	a benchmark for the sound recording
13	differences?	13	performance right in webcasting" and you said,
14	MR. JOSEPH: No. I believe that	14	"No, I'm saying that information from that
15	the text is the same.	15	market may have provided information about the
16	(Off the record discussion.)	16	relative value of sound recordings and musical
17	THE WITNESS: Thank you.	17	works." Correct?
18	By MR. JOSEPH:	18	A Yes.
19	Q I'd ask you, Dr. Brynjolfsson, to	19	Q And that's how you're criticizing
20	turn to page 31 and you see on lines 14 to 17	20	Dr. Jaffe for not using these markets to
21	I asked "What benchmarks you believe he chose	21	provide information about the relative value
22	to ignore?" You said, "Ring tones, music	22	of sound recordings and musical works?
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1.	Page 158	1	Page 160
1	videos and clip samples." Correct?	1	A May I try and state what I had in
2	A Yes.	2 3	mind? I didn't do a benchmark analysis but it
3	Q Okay. Now with respect to those	i	seems to me that if you're going to do a
4	benchmarks as you refer to them you aren't	4	benchmark analysis it's incumbent on you to
5	saying, are you, that those are markets that	5	look at the nearby relevant markets and

you propose to use as benchmarks for the sound

recording performance right applicable to 8

webcasting, are they?

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Me. I didn't do a benchmark  $\mathbf{A}$ analysis.

But you're actually saying Dr. Jaffe -- You're not saying Dr. Jaffe ignored these or you're not -- Let me rephrase the question. You're not criticizing Dr. Jaffe for ignoring these benchmarks as benchmarks for the right that this court is charged with evaluating, are you?

I'm not entirely -- I think yes I am criticizing him for ignoring them.

Are you saying that the license O fee applicable to sound recordings -- Well, let me try to make this easier. Isn't what

alysis but it do a on you to s and understand if there are some that are 6 7 particularly appropriate and from where I sit, 8 it appeared that looking at actual sound 9 recording that were sold to actual buyers and 10 sellers would be a good place to start. 11

Now it may be that after you analyze each of these markets in turn that you can find strengths and weaknesses of them that would lead you to put more weight on some versus others. I didn't see that Dr. Jaffe did anything like that and that concerned me.

17 Q It's true, is it not, that you 18 criticized Dr. Jaffe for ignoring these 19 markets? Correct?

> $\mathbf{A}$ Yes.

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Q Your belief is that he ignored these markets.

Page 163 Page 161 the musical work benchmarks because ASCAP and 1 A That's what he appears to have 2 BMI are subject to a consent decree? 2 done. Yes. 3 3 That was one of my concerns. O And it's also true, is it not, 4 By the way, if you wanted to use a 4 that you're criticizing Dr. Jaffe for ignoring 5 market as a benchmark for comparing the 5 these markets without yourself having analyzed any of these markets? 6 relative value of musical work rights and 6 7 sound recording rights, you would want a 7 A That's correct. market in which both the musical work right 8 8 Now you would agree, would you and the sound recording right was licensed, 9 not, that before you decided to rely on a 10 10 particular market or markets to be a benchmark wouldn't you? 11 A for comparison of the relative value of Yes, I would think so. 11 And indeed, Dr. Brynjolfsson, in 12 musical works licenses and sound recording 12 13 Footnote 6, you characterize the markets 13 licenses you would want to understand whether 14 you've identified as benchmark markets where 14 the musical works and the sound recording sound recording are sold. Correct? 15 rights were licensed under the same market 15 A Yes. structure and the same regulatory rules, 16 16 17 wouldn't you? 17 Q So it's your understanding that sound recording rights are sold and/or 18 Yes, I think that would be an 18 A 19 licensed in each of the markets you've 19 important factor to consider. 20 identified. Correct? 20 And you would agree, would you 21 21 not, that it would be relevant to your A Yes, I believe so. 22 Now just to be sure we're speaking 22 assessment of the validity of a benchmark Page 162 Page 164 market for comparing the relative value of 1 the same language, Dr. Brynjolfsson, are you 1 2 sound recording rights to musical work rights aware that a copyright and a sound recording 2 3 is actually made up of several different 3 if one of the works, either the sound 4 recording right or the musical work right, was 4 rights? 5 5 subject to a compulsory license that the other  $\mathbf{A}$ I think there are several 6 6 different types of copyrights, yes. was not? 7 But are you aware that a copyright 7 A Yes, I think that would be a 8 in a sound recording includes several 8 factor. 9 different rights? 9 And you would also agree, would 10 10 you not, that it would be relevant to your  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes, that's my understanding. That's your understanding. Can 11 assessment of the validity of a benchmark 11 O 12 you name any of those rights? market for comparing the relative value of 12 13 There's a digital performance 13 sound recording copyright rights and musical 14 right. There's a femoral right. I think 14 work copyright rights if one of the two types of work, either the sound recording or the 15 there may be some kind of a recording right as 15

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well.

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deposition?

necessarily I've studied.

Have you studied these since your

Not really. I mean I've read a

Did you discuss what rights might

lot of documents about them. I wouldn't say

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relevant.

musical work, was subject to an antitrust

consent decree or other court order that

regulated pricing but the other was not?

Yes, I think that would be

criticisms earlier today of Dr. Jaffe's use of

In fact, wasn't that one of your

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make up the copyright and the sound recording with counsel for Sound Exchange?

# To some extent, I think I did.

Do you remember at your deposition when I asked you the question you said you didn't know the exact name of any of the rights?

#### A Yes.

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8 9 0 Now let's talk about one of the 10 markets you fault Dr. Jaffe for not considering, the ring tone market. When you 11 12 criticized Dr. Jaffe for not considering the 13 ring tone market in your written rebuttal 14 testimony, did you know which of the many 15 rights in a sound recording copyright that the record company licenses when they grant 16 17 licenses to services to sell ring tones? 18 A Not specifically, no. 19 And when you criticized Dr. Jaffe

20 in your written rebuttal testimony, did you know which of the many rights in a musical 21 22 work copyright that is or are licensed by

Page 167

of the many rights that are part of a 1 2 copyright in a musical work are licensed by 3 musical work copyright owners when they grant licenses to sell ring tones. 4

I just know generally that the owners of the musical work copyrights had have some rights and I don't know specifically which ones would be licensed in this case. But also I think there may be some slight misunderstanding. I wasn't listing these particular examples as benchmarks for musical works per se. I believe that the record shows that the question is whether there are other benchmarks for sound recording that could be used and these are other examples of benchmarks that could be used for sound recordings.

18 It's your testimony, Dr. 19 Brynjolfsson, that you're criticizing Dr. 20 Jaffe for not considering these markets as 21 benchmarks for sound recording licenses as 22 opposed to not using these markets to assess

Page 166

musical work copyright owners when they grant licenses to services to sell ring tones?

### Not specifically.

Q Did you know generally?

#### Yes. A

But did you generally know --Which rights did you generally know were licensed by musical work copyright owners in the ring tone market?

Now I didn't study this market. I didn't do a benchmark analysis. So my understanding of the details may not be very precise. But my understanding is that in the ring tone market, what essentially happens, is that the musical works get licensed to the providers of sound records who would then in turn license the sound recording for use in ring tones.

19 I'm sorry, Dr. Brynjolfsson, but 0 20 that wasn't my question.

#### $\mathbf{A}$ Okay.

Q My question was do you know which the relative value of sound recordings and

musical works.

3 Yes, I think maybe that was the 4 point of misunderstanding. I don't know if 5 this was sufficiently clear, but the point two 6 there, the bottom of page two, it's 7 criticizing. He says that musical works are 8 the most appropriate benchmark for sound 9 recordings and I'm suggesting that there are 10 other benchmarks that might be more 11 appropriate and he didn't seem to consider 12 those other ones. Personally, I think the 13 whole path of going down and trying to, you 14 know, this hypothesis that musical works 15 always have the same price as sound recordings didn't make any sense to me and so I wouldn't 16 even go down that path and I was more 17 18 concerned that he didn't look at a lot of 19 other potential benchmarks that might be a 20 little closer to what we're trying to get at. 21 So you're now telling me something 22 different than you told me at your deposition.

Page 168

Correct?

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A I don't think so.

0 Well, again, please turn to page 31 of your deposition.

Okav.  $\mathbf{A}$ 

And I specifically asked whether 0 you were saying Dr. Jaffe should have used the price paid for the sound recording performance right. In this context, I was asking about clip samples.

11 MR. SMITH: Could we get a line? 12 MR. JOSEPH: I'm sorry. It was 13 line 24 of page 31.

BY MR. JOSEPH:

"As a benchmark for the sound recording right and clip samples as a benchmark for the sound recording performance right in webcasting," I believe the word "and" is a typo, and you said, "No, I'm saying that information from that market would provide, may have provided information about the relative value of sound recording and musical

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- 1 really a misunderstanding on November 3rd.
- 2 Take a look at Line 25 on page 32 and I asked
- "And in this context, you're faulting Dr. 3
- 4 Jaffe for not using evidence of other
- 5 benchmarks for ring tones, music videos and
- clip samples for what purpose?" And you said, 6
- 7 "I didn't study all the potential benchmarks
- in detail, but I'm noting that Dr. Jaffe's 8
- 9 argument picks one which strikes me as fairly
- 10 far afield from a much larger set of potential
- 11 benchmarks and I found I was not convinced
- 12 that the other benchmarks should be ignored."
- 13 Which benchmarks were you referring to when
- 14 you say "Dr. Jaffe's argument picks one"?

Well he really relies on it for several parts of his argument. One is he's trying to set up a benchmark for sound recordings. Namely, musical works is a

- 19 benchmark for sound recordings and then he 20 also tries to come up with some benchmarks
- 21 that tell you what the relative value between
- 22 the two different ones should be. So it's

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works." Is that what you told me on November 3rd?

Yes, I don't think that was as precise an answer as it should have been. Really the emphasis, what I was thinking about in answering that question there, was I was really responding to the words "that it should be the price paid" and my emphasis would have been on "relative value of sound recordings" not that it would have been a specific "price paid." And so I was simply trying to be more general about what it was being used as. But, ves, I don't think I meant it to limit it just to that one comparison recordings and musical

works. Q You said "relative value of sound recordings." Relative value of sound recordings compared to what if not musical works?

To each other.  $\mathbf{A}$ 

21 0 Dr. Brynjolfsson, let's just see 22 whether that really was -- whether there was

Page 172 1 kind of a chain of inferences that he's making

2 and along the way there are a number of

3 judgments he's making that I wasn't convinced 4

that that was the most straightforward or the

5 best way to do this kind of a benchmark 6 analysis.

Q So let me just ask straight out. Are you criticizing Dr. Jaffe for not considering the ring tone market, the music video market or the clip sample market to assess the relative value of licenses for sound recordings and licenses for musical works.

I would say that, yes, I'm criticizing him for that as well as for not using them just directly.

17 So now I'm back to where I started 18 asking you about your criticism of Dr. Jaffe for not using them to assess the relative 20 value.

> A All right.

Q Which was what you first, I think,

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Page 173

just told me was not what you were doing.

# A I don't think it was the focus of what I was doing but it's also true.

Q Dr. Brynjolfsson, are any of the rights licensed by sound recording copyright owners in connection with ring tones subject to a compulsory license if you know?

# A Not to my knowledge, no.

Q Are any of the rights licensed by musical work copyright owners in connection with ring tones subject to a compulsory license if you know?

# A I don't know.

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Q Now I asked you which of the many rights in the musical work right are licensed by the musical right copyright owners. To the extent you're criticizing Dr. Jaffe for not considering the sound recording fees applicable to ring tones directly as a

20 benchmark, can you tell me which of the many

21 rights in a sound recording copyright are

22 licensed by sound recording copyright owners

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# A I don't know the specific rights.

Q Do you know generally -- Oh, you don't know the specific rights. I'm sorry. I won't ask the next question then. Do you know whether any right that license subject to a compulsory license?

## A For music videos?

Q Yes. For sound recordings and music videos.

A I don't believe it is but at one moment I looked at all of this and I can't remember right now which were and which weren't. It wasn't what I wrote my report based on.

Q Would it also be true that you don't know which specific rights in a musical work are licensed by musical work copyright owners in connection with music videos in the market that you fault Dr. Jaffe for not considering?

A You know I don't know the exact

Page 174

when they grant licenses to services to sell ring tones?

# A I don't know specifically which ones, no.

O Do you know generally which ones?

A I believe that the owners of the copyright have the ability to prevent the licensors of those sound recordings from using them without their permission and therefore they are in a position to charge for them.

Q And that's all you know?

# A That's pretty much all I need to know.

Q Let's talk about another of the markets that you fault Dr. Jaffe for not considering, music videos.

### A Yes.

Q Which of the many rights in a sound recording copyright do the sound recording copyright owners license when they grant licenses to services in the music video

grant licenses to services in the music video
market that you believe Dr. Jaffe should have

Page 176

## name for the rights. No.

Q Do you know whether the rights are subject to a compulsory license?

## A I can't recall for sure.

Q Do you know whether the rights are regulated by an antitrust consent decree?

# A I'm not sure what the boundaries of that consent decree are.

Q Let's talk a little bit about master use and synch licenses which is the market Dr. Jaffe did use to explore the relationship between sound recording rights and musical work rights and I believe if you turn to page 13 of your written rebuttal testimony. Let me direct your attention to the second paragraph which just as a matter of spacing happens to be labeled first.

### A Right.

19 Q Would it be correct to say that 20 your point in this paragraph is that while a 21 webcaster needs rights from all four major 22 record companies, the film maker does not have

that need and as a result the record company's market power would be "greatly diminished" in dealing with the film producer?

## A No, that would not be correct.

- Q If I change the webcaster's need to the webcaster's strong initiative, would it be correct?
- A There are really two points here that are closely related. Let me just look at this again. One is the point about the blanket license versus the individual song recording and the second one is the all four major record companies. So that's the point there.
- 15 Q Let's explore that. You are
  16 referring to the blanket license against the
  17 not needing a blanket license in this
  18 paragraph as a reason that the film producer
  19 doesn't need to deal with all four major
  20 record companies. Isn't that what you're
  21 trying to say here?

A I think that's part of it. I

Page 179

## do that. Correct.

Q Now you used the term "market power" in that paragraph. Do you see it?

## A Yes.

Q "That would greatly diminish each record company's market power."

#### A Yes.

Q Is that the same thing in your terminology as bargaining power in this context?

# A Yes, in this context it is. I probably should have used the words "bargaining power" there.

Q But you used the terms "market power."

# A Yes, I did, but I mean it as you know more or less the same. Power in the market.

Q Now is one of the points you're trying to make in this paragraph labeled "First" essentially that in the market for master use rights in films the recordings of

Page 178

Page 180

really think there are both those points in there. I guess it's not distinguished as well in the writing as what I had in mind in my mind. But I think both of those points are important.

Q Okay. Now just in terms of the writing also, let me make sure I'm understanding what you're saying.

#### A Yes.

Q You referred to the webcaster having a strong incentive but a film maker having "no corresponding need" and you use the word "corresponding." Are you corresponding or equating in some sense the strong incentive with the need that you refer to in the second sentence?

# A It should probably read "corresponding incentive to be parallel."

Q But when you wrote it you called what the film maker no need. Correct. Not a corresponding need.

A Right. That they had no need to

different record companies are substitutes for each other?

#### A To some extent, yes.

Q And you would agree, would you not, that all else equal as a general rule the more substitutes there are for a product to sell or reselling the less bargaining power or market power that seller will have? Correct?

# A Exactly. I think that's the essence of a key point to that paragraph.

Q Now in the paragraph labeled "Second" which happens to be the third paragraph on the page, you talk about the possibility that a film producer might employ a cover band. Do you see that?

#### A Yes.

Q You haven't done any analysis of how frequently that occurs in the master use and the synch markets, have you?

A All I need to know in terms of how frequency occurs is that it could occur and so therefore the fact that it could happen at

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all, that's sufficient.

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MR. JOSEPH: I'll move to strike that as non-responsive. I asked him if he's done any analysis and he told me what he needed to know.

> CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Overruled. BY MR. JOSEPH:

Let me ask you to look at page 103 O of your deposition which is Services Rebuttal 4.

Oh the deposition --A

- Okay. No, but we unfortunately talked about it much.
  - A Yes we did.
- 15 And just look right up there at Q
- Line 3. "Have you done any analysis of how 16 17 frequently that occurs in the master use and
- synch markets?" I asked you that question 18
- 19 back on November 3rd.
- 20 A Right.
- 21 And the answer you gave me then 0 22 was "No, I have not" and that was a true

And you haven't done any quantitative analysis of the effect on prices of the master use market of the possibility that a producer might use a cover band, have

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Well, I think at this point we be A precise here. So if you mean by quantitative getting down to specific decimal points or so forth, certainly not. If by quantitative you mean positive or negative, then I would have to say yes, it's straightforward to analyze that the effect would be that it would lead to a lower price.

Have you attempted the quantify the amount of the effect?

Only its sign and actually to elaborate, I mean its sign and I think I can say with confidence that it's nontrivial. I don't mean to say that it's infinitesimal.

Is there any aspect of that analysis, Dr. Brynjolfsson, beyond what you describe in your written rebuttal testimony on

Page 182

statement then?

I think when you say the word "analysis" I interpret that as (Inaudible.)O counting or quantifying. Yes, that would be a true statement.

And it's a true statement now. 0 Correct?

A Interpreted that way, yes. I mean when I look at the rest of the answer, if you read further, it sort of says that same thing as I just said.

MR. JOSEPH: There was no question pending, Your Honor. I move to strike the last comment.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Denied. That was an extension of the answer he was giving. BY MR. JOSEPH:

No, Dr. Brynjolfsson, in construing the question back on November 3rd, you took "analysis" to mean "quantitative analysis" I think you just said. Correct?

Yes, that's correct.

pages 13, 14 and 15 and here I'm looking for 2 yes or no whether there's any aspect beyond

3 what you describe in your written rebuttal

4 testimony.

> A Any aspect of what?

The analysis that the effect of the ability to use cover bands is nontrivial.

Right. The analysis stems from my basic understanding of economics that when you have a strong threat like a cover band, that's going to fundamentally affect your bargaining 12 power. I think that's reflected in those several pages that referred to but that's what 14 the analysis is.

15 Now, Dr. Brynjolfsson, you say on page 10 of your written rebuttal testimony 16 that if a benchmark based approach is to be 17 18 used, this is right at the very top of the 19 page, "then musical works licensing rates are 20 an appropriate benchmark." Do you see that?

Yes, I do.

Q Just to be sure that we have a

Page 187 Page 185 common knowledge base, are you aware that in 1 citation in the sentence. 2 Oh, right. Okay in the sentence. the first proceeding to assess digital sound 3 recording performance fees a Librarian of 3 Right. Congress looked to a musical work benchmark to 4 "Congress went out of its way to make clear rate setting in this proceeding 5 assess sound recording fees for the pre-6 existing subscription services? 6 cannot be used in any way and proceedings 7 before the rate court to set rates for the use 7 I don't recall that, no. In fact, 8 8 I thought there was some discussion of of musical works." 9 actually dismissing that. 9 A Yes, that's correct. 10 You're not offering an opinion on 10 So you didn't take that fact or the fact that that may or may not have statutory construction to the Court here, are 11 11 12 happened into account when you criticized Dr. 12 vou? 13 Jaffe, did you? 13 I don't even know what statutory 14 14  $\mathbf{A}$ No. I based it on the basic construction is. So I guess I'd have to say 15 economics. 15 yes. 16 On page 11, you say in your words 16 Are you offering any opinion to that is "far from obvious," this is about five 17 17 the Court on the meaning or significance of 18 lines down in the paragraph beginning "To 18 Section 114(I)? 19 begin with," "that the standards applied by 19 I'm just taking it at its plain A 20 rate court is the standards that should be 20 language. applied in this case." "By the rate court," 21 21 And at its plain language it says 22 you're referring to the ASCAP and/or the BMI 22 that the fees for sound recordings should not Page 186 Page 188 rate court? 1 be taken into account in setting the fees for 1 2 2 musical works. Correct? A That's correct. 3 3 That's correct. But your understanding of that It doesn't say that the fees for 4 standard is limited to what I think you've 4 5 musical works should not be taken into account described as very general terms. Correct? 6 in setting the fees for sound recordings, does 6  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes, that's correct. 7 0 You haven't looked at cases 7 it? 8 8  $\mathbf{A}$ defining the standard used in the rate court, No, it doesn't. 9 By the way, you haven't done any 9 have you? 10 No, I have not. 10 research as to why Subsection (I) of Section  $\mathbf{A}$ 114 -- Let me withdraw that. You haven't done 11 Earlier today, you said that 11 12 Congress has said that the price for musical 12 any research into why Subsection (I) is in works and sound recordings should be separate, 13 Section 114, have you? 13 14 I believe. Was that approximately what you No, I haven't. 14 15 You haven't looked at any 15 said earlier today? committee reports, hearings, floor statement 16  $\mathbf{A}$ I don't think that's exactly 16 17 or any other pieces of legislative history for 17 right. 18 example, have you? 18 Okay. Well, you refer, do you not, on page 11 to 17 USC Section 114(I)? Do 19 19 A No, I haven't. 20 So you're not aware that the 20 you see that? 21 Registrar of Copyrights explained in a hearing 21 Yes, I do in Footnote 24. Right?

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Well, actually I'm looking at the

that that the section, that provision rather

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was included to alleviate the fear that royalties going to musical works rights holders might be decreased, are you?

That doesn't surprise me. It seems sort of consistent with my understanding.

Let me ask you to turn to page 12, sir. In the paragraph beginning "Second," you say that --

#### It's the "Second" paragraph. $\mathbf{A}$ Right?

Q It would be the first full paragraph that we won't -- You say that -- Let me see if I can find where it is. It's fairly far down you say that in negotiating the deal with the radio industry, "BMI likely cared little about the breakdown between over the air radio and simulcasting." Do you see that?

A Yes.

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20 Q Okay. You didn't talk to anybody at BMI about that, did you? 21

> $\mathbf{A}$ No, I did not.

You don't know whether in fact 1 2 they negotiated in such a way as to create a 3 low benchmark, do you?

Well, that's what I would expect them to do. Economists believe that people respond to incentives and I believe that they would have responded to incentives.

You don't have any actual facts about what happened in that negotiation, Dr. Brynjolfsson, do you?

I have the facts that there were incentives for them to behave a certain way and my personal belief is that people respond to incentives generally.

Let me ask you to turn to page 101 of your deposition please, Dr. Brynjolfsson.

Okav.

On page -- Actually, let me first O ask you to turn to page 100. I ask you about Line 9. On Line 9, I point out the language we were just talking about and on Line 9 on page 101, I ask whether you can point to any

Page 190

And you didn't talk to any radio broadcasters about what either the radio music license even negotiated the deal on behalf of radio broadcasters or BMI intended in the negotiation of the streaming portion of that agreement, did you?

A No. I did not. A little later on or actually a little above that you talk about an agreement between radio broadcasters and ASCAP and again you didn't talk to anyone at ASCAP or to any radio broadcaster about what the parties intended in that agreement, did you?

#### A No, I did not.

And now I note that you say the simulcasters had an incentive to create a low benchmark for use in this proceeding. In fact, you don't know whether that happened, do vou?

I do know that they had an incentive to create a low benchmark for this proceeding.

1 evidence to show that it in fact did happen 2 and your answer then was "I don't know whether 3 it happened." Would that be true? That was 4 true then when you gave it, wasn't it, that 5 answer?

Well, taking it in its full context, I guess I just said to you more or less what I just said to you. If you could look up at page 100 on Lines 17 through 19, I said I believe they have an incentive to do and it wouldn't surprise me therefore if they did so.

0 Right.

But it's correct that I don't know for sure what happened, but much of economics is based on a belief that people respond to incentives and we would have to throw out most of the economics if you didn't grant that.

19 But you can't in fact point to any 20 evidence to show that in fact they did do what 21 you say they have the incentive to do, can 22 you?

Page 192

Page 193 Well, as you already asked and already answered, I said the evidence I have is that I believe people respond to incentives and they had incentives to do that. And your answer on November 3rd was "I don't know whether it happened." Correct? A Not with any certainty. And on November 3rd, you didn't add 0 that qualification, did you? No, I probably should add that to some of my answers from time to time.

Probably.

13 Now a little earlier today, Dr. 14 Brynjolfsson, you discussed some costs with 15 Mr. Sugarman and you discussed their effect on decision by rational decision makers. Do you 16 17 remember that from earlier today?

> A Yes, I do.

19 And you said I believe that 20 "economists in evaluating how a rational 21 decision makers makes a decision believe that 22 the decision maker would ignore some cost."

then recoup what it was owed from its fronting of expenses to Room Full of Blues and that's

3 how Alligator Records got involved in

4 benefitting from this payment?

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I think I was not quite as clear as what you said. I think that we don't know exactly for sure what they recouped or what they didn't recoup, but that's a common way for labels to behave with their bands.

And it's your testimony and your understanding that that's a common way for labels to behave with respect to the payments made by Sound Exchange.

I don't know for sure. I don't know.

Let me ask you to turn please to page 39 of your written rebuttal testimony please and there you're discussing the willing buyer/willing seller standard and the paragraph marked third, and I'm not going to count which paragraph that is, you say and I quote "Congress could not have achieved the

Page 194

1 result of the statute by simply granting an

2 antitrust exemption to the record companies as 3 such an exemption likely would result in

4 monopolist pricing." Do you see that?

A Hm-hm.

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Is that a

yes?

THE WITNESS: Yes sir. MR. JOSEPH: Thank you, sir.

BY MR. JOSEPH:

And by "monopolistic pricing," let me just make sure I have the word right, by "monopolistic pricing," you mean price set by a single seller that was able to set take it or leave it offers. Right?

 $\mathbf{A}$ Yes, a monopoly.

So is it your testimony that the statute as you understand it does not contemplate the result of monopolistic pricing?

Not contemplate a single monopoly. That's correct.

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"Should ignore some costs" is what  $\mathbf{A}$ I said.

"Should ignore some costs." And that's because economists believe that rational decision makers evaluate a decision to be made by weighing the costs and benefits that are consequences of that decision.

9 Correct?

> Yes, that's correct.  $\mathbf{A}$

Now let me ask you to turn to page nine of your written rebuttal testimony.

A Yes.

In discussing Room Full of Views and how, I'm sorry, Room Full of Blues and how that example that you gave relates to music creation by a record label, do you remember discussing that earlier today?

Yes, I do.  $\mathbf{A}$ 

Do you remember testifying that you believe that Sound Exchange would pay Alligator Records and Alligator Records would

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But in your view, monopolistic pricing is permissible?

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A I would want to be precise and say that it did not contemplate a single monopoly. Economists sometimes refer to a concept of monopoly power or monopolistic competition which may involve more than one seller and so I don't want to make unduly complicated by using that word.

But it is your testimony that as you understand it the statute doesn't contemplate the result of pricing by a single seller that was a monopoly. Correct?

## Yes, that's correct.

15 0 Now, Dr. Brynjolfsson, you are 16 aware, are you not, that the Librarian of 17 Congress has described the relevant 18 hypothetical market price that this Court is 19 charged with setting as the price that would 20 be agreed by most willing buyers and most

willing sellers in a competitive marketplace.

22. You're aware of that. Correct?

Page 199 1 different degrees of competition between that.

2 So pointing specifically to the paragraph

3 labeled "Second," I was saying that there's no

4 -- Dr. Jaffe seems to imply false dichotomy

5 between monopoly and perfect competition and 6 what I would suggest is that there's ground in 7 between those.

Q And I'm asking you a different question.

#### A Okay.

I'm asking you where in your 11 12 written rebuttal testimony, sir, do you reach 13 the conclusion that the hypothetical market 14 with four major record companies licensing 15 webcasters would in fact be competitive or 16 don't you reach that conclusion?

No, I reached it right where I pointed that at one end is a monopoly with no competition and at the other end is perfect competition. So if it's not a monopoly, then it does have some competition.

But the only thing you're

Page 198

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# I remember that, yes.

And you would agree, would you not, that for a marketplace to be competitive products sold by the sellers must be at least partial substitutes for each other?

#### A Yes.

And "by partial substitutes" you mean that the availability of one product affects or constrains the pricing power of the seller of the other product. Correct?

# The availability or the quantity sold of one product would affect the pricing power of other products.

Now you said in response to a question by Mr. Smith earlier today that you believed the hypothetical market with four major labels licensing webcasters would be competitive. Just a very simple question, can you point me to where in your written rebuttal testimony you've reached that conclusion?

I was describing a spectrum between monopoly and perfect competition and 1 referring to is this paragraph.

Well, I think it's sort of the general argument there. I mean I could look through, but I think that paragraph is sufficient.

Now have you performed --Q

I mean for what it's worth the next paragraph also says that it's not -- I don't think a single monopoly would be appropriate. It should be that willing buyers and sellers would not be the same as a monopoly. In other words, it would be competition. That's the paragraph starting with "Third."

Okay. Let me try to ask a yes/no question and if you can't give me a yes/no answer, just tell me that you can't give me a yes/no answer please.

#### All right.

Have you performed an analysis of the level of competition that exists in any market for the licensing of sound recordings?

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I'm not sure I can give you a yes/no answer to that one.

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Can you point to anything in your written rebuttal testimony that describes any analysis of the level of competition that exists in any market for the licensing of sound recording?

Well, one place -- Could you ask the question again? I just want to make sure I'm answering precisely.

MR. JOSEPH: Actually, may I ask 11 12 for that to be read back? Is that difficult 13 to do?

14 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: That's -- Why 15 don't you rephrase it?

BY MR. JOSEPH:

Q Dr. Brynjolfsson --

It's hard to remember, isn't it?

19 -- can you point to anything in 20 your written rebuttal testimony that discusses

21 an analysis of the level of competition that

22 exists in any market for the licensing of Page 201

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analyze it in more detail in the direct.

You mentioned earlier that the record companies could compete in the licensing of webcasters, I believe, and correct me if I have this wrong by competing for market share, if you will. Do you remember that discussion?

I think so. Yes. It actually reflects my belief, so I may have said that some time today.

Are you positing that such competition would take the form of price competition?

A It could, yes.

Q And if it were to take the form price competition, are you positing direct dealing between the record companies and the webcasters over the price of the sound recording performance license for market share?

A Well, my understanding is there is a statutory rate in place now, so they don't

Page 202

have the discretion to do that. But in a

hypothetical marketplace, yes, I would imagine that would be the way they could do that.

And I believe you mentioned eMusic earlier today as an example of an interactive webcaster that operates without licenses from all four major record companies.

8 No, I believe I said download A 9 service.

So it's not an interactive 10 Q webcaster. 11

> I don't know for sure all of the services that they provide. I know that they're constantly changing and if we check it today, it might be different than what they were doing yesterday.

But your understanding is actually that it's a service that provides permanent downloads. Correct?

20 I think that's the primary A 21 purpose. 22

Q And in fact, it bills itself

sound recordings?

 $\mathbf{A}$ Yes.

And what can you point to, sir? 0

So when I came up with this 75/25 percent division of surplus, that reflected my assessment of the level of competition in that marketplace.

That's the result of -- And that's -- I'm sorry. Let me withdraw that. And that's referring to something you did in connection with your written direct statement.

I think yes. It was primarily there. I mean there's a smidgen of it in here when I talk about monopoly at one end being 100 percent or close to 100 percent, perfect competition, stripping it of all power which is, I guess, in that paragraph labeled "Fourth" where it would be close to zero percent, so you can get a sense of the

20 different levels of competition and some of 21 the different values that you would get in

22 each of them. As you note, I discuss this and

Page 207 Page 205 specifically as a service that provides 1 unknown artists may be webcasting one 2 2 downloads of music from independent record component. 3 Yes or no, sir. Do you agree with 3 labels, doesn't it? Q 4 that statement? 4 A Exactly. 5 5 And what it charges is I think \$10 A I agree with the portion that I 6 iust stated. 6 for 30 downloads. Is that correct? Thirty 7 7 permanent downloads. I ask you to turn -- Well, do you remember that I asked you that exact question? 8 I think it was in that range. 8 9 I'm sorry. It may have been Mr. Sugarman who 9 Yes, I remember it was less than what you get asked you that exact question during your 10 10 for the sound recordings from the majors. deposition. 11 So it's not an interactive 11 12 12 A No, I don't remember that. webcasters in any sense of the word as far as You don't remember that? Turn to 13 you know as you sit here today. Is that 13 14 page 121 and look at Line 24 of your 14 correct? 15 15 deposition. A Yes, I don't know. 16 16 Let's turn please to page 37 of A Okay. 17 your written rebuttal testimony. You have a 17 And you say -- There's a question. You quote Dr. Jaffe and it's quoted exactly 18 heading that says "For most music webcasting, 18 19 the way I just quoted. 19 substitutional effects may outweigh any 20 20 promotional effects." Do you see that? A Right. 21 Yes, it's the middle of that 21 Q And the question was "Do you agree 22 with that statement" and your answer was "Yes, 22 heading. Right. Page 208 Page 206 1 Now I'm saying "may." It's true, 1 I do." Did you give that testimony on 2 is it not, that you haven't undertaken any 2 November 3rd? 3 3 analysis to attempt to quantify the A Apparently yes. 4 promotional or substitutional effect of 4 O Now in the next sentence after Dr. 5 5 webcasting? Jaffe's quote -- I'm sorry. It's two 6 6 sentences after Dr. Jaffe's quote. You refer Didn't we already discuss this? 7 Yes, that's correct. 7 to "music that is known and sought out by 8 8 listeners." Do you see that? Well, if we did, I apologize. And 9 9 on page 37, I think people have been sniffing A Yes. 10 around this quote, but I just want to make 10 And "one way that music becomes known and sought out by listeners is through 11 sure it's absolutely clear. You quote Dr. 11 12 Jaffe as saying that "record companies have 12 radio air play." Isn't that correct? 13 long recognized the promotional value inherent 13 Yes, that's one way. 14 in traditional, over the air radio play and 14 Now at the bottom of that page in have worked with terrestrial radio stations to 15 the bottom paragraph, you say -- In fact, it's 15 16 promote new artists and new albums." Do you 16 shortly. It's in the same sentence we were 17 see that? 17 just reading. "It is much easier for these 18 listeners to locate and capture the music 18 Yes, I do. 19 sought compared to over the air radio." Now 19 Q And you agree with that statement. 20 by "locating and capturing" you were actually 20 Correct? 21 referring to locating and listening to 21 I agree that large scaled specific types of music. Correct? 22 22 promotional campaigns for relatively new and

Page 209

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Yes, I think that's what I had in A mind.

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Q You weren't talking about any concept of stream ripping or copying, were you?

You know that's not really the way A I was thinking about that paragraph. I remember when you pointed that out to me earlier, the word "capture," I think I really meant just listen to.

Now in the first two full paragraphs of page 38, would it be correct to say that you argue that rather than adjusting the fee for the statutory license in this proceeding to account for promotional value, the courts should allow the market to deal with the issue by allowing the record companies and webcasters to negotiate outside of the statutory rate?

#### Yes, I think that's fair. A

21 And you testified earlier, I Q 22 believe, that this could be done by direct

statutory fee for simulcasting the court 1

> 2 should leave it to the record companies and

3 simulcasters to negotiate over discounts or 4 other consideration for playing the recordings

that the record companies want to promote?

I think it would in general be more complicated. My sense is that from what I've read and from what I've heard that the promotion campaigns tend to be much more sophisticated than that. So there would probably be a whole package that they would do in terms of artists appearing on the station and promotions and billboards and T-shirts and there would be whole package and part of the bundle would be potentially discounts on the royalties for stations that participated in the promotion.

Okay. Dr. Brynjolfsson, you're fighting my hypothetical and you're not assuming what I've asked you to assume. Now you may disagree with the premise. I think you've just expressed that, but assuming that

Page 210

deals on discounts, T-shirts or other consideration to the webcasters.

#### A Yes.

And just so we all understand what Q you mean, let me ask you to focus on simulcaster of terrestrial radio air play and further to assume --

#### $\mathbf{A}$ Terrestrial radio air play.

Q Simulcasts of terrestrial radio air play.

Oh, simulcasts of it. All right.  $\mathbf{A}$ 

Yes. Q

#### $\mathbf{A}$ All right.

And further to ask you to assume Q that terrestrial radio air play is promotional and that listener for listener a simulcast of the terrestrial broadcast is equally promotional. That's the assumption I'd like you to consider and where I would like you to focus. I just want to understand what you're

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21 saying about the market here. Are you

22 suggesting that instead of adjusting the Page 212

terrestrial radio air play itself is promotional.

#### A Yes.

4 Q And that listener for listener, 5 the simulcast is equally promotional. Are you 6 suggesting that instead of adjusting the 7 license fee for simulcasting, this court 8 should leave it to record companies and 9 simulcasters to negotiate over discounts and 10 other consideration to play the recordings 11 that the record companies want to promote?

Emphasis on other. I think that the discounts I suspect would probably be part of a much broader package, but the essence of your question is that, yes, I would leave it to people who are experts to figure out how to do promotions to figure out what the right package of consideration might be. It might include discounts. It might not include discounts. It might include other things.

And have you examined the law to determine whether such discounts or other

Page 213 Page 215 consideration would be lawful if paid by the 1 and benefits approach is that some data are 2 2 unavailable or otherwise available only record company to a simulcasters? 3 3 MR. SMITH: Objection, Your Honor. imprecisely? 4 Calls for him to opine on a legal issues that A Yes, I think that's fair to say. 5 5 he hasn't given any opinion on. And the imprecision includes 6 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: I will 6 uncertainty inherent in projecting future 7 7 overrule that in light of his testimony which costs and benefits. Correct? 8 8 included many legal opinions. I'm not --Yes. 9 Overruled. 9 Now your model relies on Q 10 projections of webcasting advertising prices, 10 THE WITNESS: So what is the precise question? doesn't it? 11 11 12 12 BY MR. JOSEPH:  $\mathbf{A}$ In part, yes. Let's look briefly at the history 13 Have you examined the law? I'm 13 14 14 of those prices. You would agree, would you actually not asking your opinion of the law. 15 I'm just asking whether you looked at it to 15 not, that from 1996 to 2000 internet advertising prices were rising significantly? 16 account, I'm sorry, to determine whether such 16 17 17 discounts or other consideration you've just By and large, yes. 18 described would be lawful? 18 0 Then in 2000 and 2001, internet 19 19 advertising prices dropped significantly, I don't know for sure. I think 20 20 didn't they? the complexity has to do with the over the air 21 part which I think there are some laws about. 21  $\mathbf{A}$ I believe they did. 22 And it would be fair to say that a I think that there is more flexibility for Page 216 Page 214 1 webcasting, but I haven't read all the lot of people didn't expect internet 1 2 relevant statutes in order to know exactly 2 advertising prices to drop significantly in 3 what part would be permissible and what part 3 2000 and 2001, did they? 4 wouldn't be. I would certainly hope that any 4 Some people didn't. Some people 5 5 did. promotion would be done within the bounds of 6 the law in that respect. I'll put it that 6 And in fact when I asked you the 7 way. 7 very same question on November 3rd on page 8 8 142, line two. Professor Brynjolfsson, on page Q 9 four of your written rebuttal testimony. 9  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes. 10 A 10 "I assume it's also true that a 11 lot of people didn't expect prices to drop Q In the first paragraph. 11 12 12 significantly in 2000 and 2001. Correct?" A Yes. You said, "I'm sure that's true." Correct? 13 You discuss two approaches to 13 estimating the value of sound recordings using 14 14 If you can show me -- Yes, there benchmarks and analyzing underlying costs and 15 15 it is. 16 benefits. Do you see that? 16 Q I'm sorry. Lines two to five. 17 17 A Yes, I do. Okay. Yes, that's true. Let me ask you to turn to page 17 18 And you say that each has 18 19 advantages and weaknesses. Right? 19 of your written rebuttal testimony. In the

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penultimate sentence of the first paragraph

the profitability of what you call "the major

under heading 4, you make a statement about

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Yes.

And you would agree, would you

22 not, that a weakness of the underlying costs

	Page 217		Page 219
1	webcasters and simulcasters." Do you see that	1	analysis.
2	right before the confidential material?	2	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: What's your
3	A Yes, I do.	3	estimate of your time?
4	Q Now by major webcasters there, you	4	MR. JOSEPH: I'm sorry?
5	were referring to AOL, Yahoo, MSN and possibly	5	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: What's your
6	Live365. Correct?	6	estimate of time?
7	A Yes.	7	MR. JOSEPH: I suspect, Your
8	Q And by the major simulcasters, you	8	Honor, it is more than an hour.
9	were referring Clear Channel. Correct?	9	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: We'll recess
10	A Yes.	10	for ten minutes. Off the record.
11	Q By the way, on page 18 of your	11.	(Whereupon, at 3:38 p.m., the
12	written rebuttal testimony in the second full	12	above-entitled matter recessed and reconvened
13	paragraph starting with "Clearly" you refer	13	at 3:47 p.m. the same day.)
14	in the first sentence to the "current	14	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: On the
15	statutory rate" and in the last sentence to	15	record. Mr. Joseph.
16	the "existing rate." What do you understand	16	MR. JOSEPH: Thank you, Your
17	the existing rate to be?	17	Honor.
18	A What is the exact value of it? Is	18	(Off the record comments.)
19	that what you're saying?	19	MR. JOSEPH: That's I think
20	Q What do you understand the	20	Services Rebuttal Exhibit 5.
21	existing rate to be to the extent you have an	21	(Whereupon, the document
22	understanding of it?	22	referred to was marked
	understand of ive		
L			
	Page 218		Page 220
1	Page 218  A Seven/100ths of a cent per song	1	Page 220 as Services Rebuttal
1 2		1 2	
i .	A Seven/100ths of a cent per song	ı	as Services Rebuttal
2	A Seven/100ths of a cent per song per listener.	2	as Services Rebuttal Exhibit No. 5 for
2 3	A Seven/100ths of a cent per song per listener.  Q And that's the rate on which you	2 3	as Services Rebuttal Exhibit No. 5 for identification.)
2 3 4	A Seven/100ths of a cent per song per listener. Q And that's the rate on which you based That's the understanding on which you	2 3 4	as Services Rebuttal Exhibit No. 5 for identification.) MR. JOSEPH: Dr. Brynjolfsson, as
2 3 4 5	A Seven/100ths of a cent per song per listener.  Q And that's the rate on which you based That's the understanding on which you based these statements. I'll withdraw that	2 3 4 5	as Services Rebuttal Exhibit No. 5 for identification.) MR. JOSEPH: Dr. Brynjolfsson, as soon as it's marked and I apologize to the
2 3 4 5 6 7	A Seven/100ths of a cent per song per listener.  Q And that's the rate on which you based That's the understanding on which you based these statements. I'll withdraw that question. Continuing on page 18, you speak in the paragraph marked "Finally" of economic	2 3 4 5 6	as Services Rebuttal Exhibit No. 5 for identification.) MR. JOSEPH: Dr. Brynjolfsson, as soon as it's marked and I apologize to the Court. This clearly could have done and
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A Seven/100ths of a cent per song per listener.  Q And that's the rate on which you based That's the understanding on which you based these statements. I'll withdraw that question. Continuing on page 18, you speak in the paragraph marked "Finally" of economic rents. Do you see that? It actually occurs in the third line.  A Yes.  Q Just so we're clear, when you speak of economic rents, you mean the difference between the revenues generated by an asset and the cost associated with that asset. Correct?  A Yes.  Q And in a transaction where the parties bargain to divide surplus, it's possible that the surplus accruing to the	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	as Services Rebuttal Exhibit No. 5 for identification.) MR. JOSEPH: Dr. Brynjolfsson, as soon as it's marked and I apologize to the Court. This clearly could have done and should have been done on the break which will cause me to have to ask questions a little faster. Thank you. THE WITNESS: Thank you. CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.) BY MR. JOSEPH: Q Dr. Brynjolfsson, I've handed you what has been marked as Services Rebuttal Exhibit 5 and I'll just ask I'll represent actually that it was produced as the production Bates marks indicate at the bottom by Sound Exchange in connection and I believe it was identified as having been in connection

Page 223 Page 221 1  $\mathbf{A}$ It appears to be the analysis that 1 Susquehanna or Bonneville? 2 2 No, I don't. the Analysis Group did of simulcasters. 3 Now on page 19 of your written 3 And this would be the analysis of 0 4 rebuttal testimony in the paragraph starting 4 the research into simulcasters streaming in with the "Simulcasters" as opposed to "First 5 5 the top ten markets that are listed in your Simulcasters" and "Second Simulators." 6 6 written rebuttal testimony, wouldn't it be, 7 Yes. That's the second paragraph. 7 sir? 8 Second full paragraph. You say 8 Yes, it appears to be the top ten. 9 that "radio stations are already" and then you 9 Yes, that looks about right. 10 characterize what they're doing in brackets. 10 And it's your understanding, is it I don't think that that's -not, that this lists the radio stations that 11 11 are identified as being in particular market? 12 Yes. 12 A 13 "You say already making money Yes, that's my understanding. 13 14 streaming." Do you see that? 14 And then the results of the radiolocator.com analysis into whether or not 15 Yes. 15 A Have you done any quantitative they're streaming. Correct? 16 16 17 analysis of the percentage of all radio 17 Yes, that's correct. simulcasters that are making money from 18 MR. JOSEPH: Your Honor, I would 18 19 19 offer Services Rebuttal Exhibit 5. simulcasting? CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Any 20 20 I think I saw some data on it at 21 objections to Exhibit 5? 21 one point. 22 22 Do you consider seeing some data MR. SMITH: No. Your Honor. O Page 222 Page 224 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Exhibit 5 is performing a quantitative analysis, sir? 1 1 2 2 admitted. I don't know. Do you? 3 3 No. I asked whether you did, sir. (The document referred Q 4 4 to having been  $\mathbf{A}$ It's what it is. 5 previously marked for 5 Have you performed any 6 quantitative analysis of the percentage of all 6 identification as 7 Services Rebuttal 7 radio simulcasters that are making money from 8 simulcasting? 8 Exhibit No. 5, was 9 9 received in evidence.) I saw some data on it. I had -- I 10 BY MR. JOSEPH: 10 think at one point I counted it, counted them. And that count is not reflected 11 Now on page 25 of your written 11 rebuttal testimony, you have that table that 12 anywhere in your written rebuttal testimony, 12 13 you discussed with Mr. Smith of the top nine 13 is it? 14 markets and it's correct, is it not, that 14  $\mathbf{A}$ Not specifically, no. Do you remember when I asked you there are according to the count that the 15 15 16 analysis group and your testimony provides 382 16 whether you had performed a quantitative analysis of the percentage of radio radio stations stream in the nine largest 17 17 18 simulcasters that were making money from 18 markets. Is that correct? 19 simulcasting at your deposition on November 19 Yes, that's correct as of 20 3rd on page 149? 20 September 2006. Do you know how many of those 21 MR. SMITH: What line please? 21 22 MR. JOSEPH: Page 5 -- I'm sorry. 22 stream in stations are owned by Clear Channel,

Page 227 Page 225 know, the gross billing they probably deduct 1 Line 5. Page 149, lines 5 through 15. 2 2 certain expenses and their commission and so BY MR. JOSEPH: 3 3 I actually asked whether you had presumably some smaller amount would be paid 4 to Clear Channel. 4 done any overall assessment of the percentage 5 5 O Okay. and there you said you recalled seeing data. 6 6 "Yes." And you said you recall seeing  $\mathbf{A}$ And I don't know what the dates 7 are by which they have to make those payments. 7 anecdotal descriptions entering the market but 8 Now I believe Mr. Smith also asked 8 "I don't recall a quantitative analysis." 9 9 you about the growth in Clear Channel sales by  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes. 10 Ronning Lipset Radio that you discuss at the 10 O Was that statement true when you 11 bottom of page 33. 11 made it on November 3rd? 12 A Yes. 12 Again it's going to depend a 13 13 little bit on how exactly we define Do you know when Ronning Lipset 14 Radio began to work with Clear Channel? 14 "quantitative analysis" but I would say yes. 15 15 A No. Now on page 26 -- Actually let me 16 Can you analyze how Ronning Lipset 16 not take this. Let me take you to page 33 if 17 17 allocates its sales among the companies for I may. 18 Thirty-three? 18 which it sells?  $\mathbf{A}$ 19 19 Analyze? I'm not sure I would use 0 Yes. 20 A Okay. 20 the word "analyze" but we have the rest of the 21 21 Exhibit, what is this exhibit, 20 that 0 And you refer to a number from 22 describes the sales of a lot of other Sound Exchange down at the bottom of the page. Page 226 Page 228 1 You refer to a number that you derived from companies as well and you could see an 2 Sound Exchange Exhibit 20RR which I believe we 2 allocation from that. Is that what you have looked at and talked about a little bit 3 in mind? 4 earlier. You did it with Mr. Smith. Do you Q No. Actually I was asking if you 5 remember that? 5 understand the basis by which RLR allocates 6 A Yes. 6 sales to its different companies. 7 7 0 Do you know whether the Clear Do you mean its clients? Do you 8 8 Channel number you quote from that exhibit was mean like Clear Channel? actually paid to Clear Channel or represented 9 Do you have an understanding of 10 sales booked as of the date that the document 10 the methodology used by RLR to allocate sales 11 was issued? among the companies for which it sells such as 11 12 Again I would have to look at the 12 Clear Channel, Yahoo, AOL? 13 document to get the exact definition. Should 13 Such as those companies, no. 14 we do that? 14 You also mention on page 19 if I'm 15 Yes, if you'd like. 15 not mistaken about the page number. Sorry. O I am mistaken about the page number. On page 16 A So it's No. 20? 16 17 26, you mention -- Well, I actually thought Q Yes sir. 17 18 Let's see here. So it looks like 18 you mentioned net radio sales. Do you 19 19 the gross billing. remember discussing net radio sales in your 20 And do you know whether that 20 testimony? 21 21 amount was actually paid to Clear Channel? A I remember looking at information 22 Well, my understanding as best I 22 from them.

Page 231 Page 229 1 1 Well, I think not being able to A Yes. find it, I'll spare the Court my fumbling and 2 Now you don't know how much 3 move on. Have you done any quantitative 3 additional revenue was received by Clear 4 4 Channel as a result of additional web visits analysis, sir, of the extent to which 5 5 to its websites by people who stream, do you? simulcasters compete with internet only 6 I don't know the specific dollar 6 webcasters for the sale of advertising? 7 7 amount, no. The kind of analysis that you'd 8 need to do I'm not sure it would be fair to 8 And isn't it true that in the very same deposition passage which is Exhibit 28RR call it quantitative. So I guess it's hard to 9 10 to which you are referring, Mr. Parsons said call it quantitative. 10 11 So the answer is no. 11 that the only traffic, and this is on page 92, 12 It's hard to answer yes or no. I 12 lines 19 through 21, that the only traffic increase that the station that is streaming --13 would have to say I have an understanding and 13 14 opinion and about the extent to which they 14 Between lines what? Nineteen to 15 21? 15 compete based on looking at the markets and the data presented. I personally wouldn't 16 Q Nineteen to 21. 16 17 necessarily call it quantitative analysis. 17 Yes, here it is. 18 Do you remember when I asked you 18 Is the repeat traffic from these 19 19 small number of people that request the exactly that same question on November 3rd? 20 No, I don't, but I wouldn't be 20 stream? 21 21 surprised if you did. A Yes. 22 22 Take a look at page 151, line 17 Q Now in keeping with the issue of Page 232 Page 230 1 through 21. whether people who stream go to a radio 2 2 station website more frequently, let's turn  $\mathbf{A}$ Okay. Line 17. Okay. Yes. 3 And your answer there was a plain 3 back to page 27 or in fact, I think we're at 4 4 straightforward "No." Correct? page 27. 5 5 Yes. Yes. it was. A 6 6 Do you see where you say the Have you done any quantitative documents produced by Bonneville demonstrate 7 7 analysis of the extent to which simulcasters 8 8 that listeners who stream also visit compete with internet only webcasters for 9 audience? 9 Bonneville's websites much more frequently 10 10 than other visitors and you cite Sound A No, I wouldn't call it 11 quantitative. 11 Exchange Trial Exhibit 91. 12 Now on page 27, line 5, or five 12  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes. 13 When some people say "demonstrate" 13 lines down, they are not numbered lines of 14 they may be mean prove. Is that what you mean 14 course, you say that "listeners who stream go when you say "demonstrate" in this context? 15 to Clear Channel websites more frequently than 15 16 16 those who don't and that those added visits A 17 yield significant added revenue through banner 17 So you're not taking or saying 18 ads." Do you see that? 18 that Sound Exchange Trial Exhibit 91 proves 19 19 that listeners who stream visit Bonneville's A Yes, I do. 20 websites more frequently than other visitors, 20 And you refer to an exhibit that 21 21 in fact is Mr. Parsons' deposition testimony. are you? 22 Correct? 22 A No, I'm not.

Page 233 Page 235 Let's take a look at the document. 1 -- eight column number. Yes, 1 0 2 after the vertical line down the middle and 2  $\mathbf{A}$ Thank you. then Sessions which is three further columns 3 Now, Dr. Brynjolfsson, I've 3 Q 4 4 actually handed you a document that has been over. Correct? 5 5 Yes. marked as Sound Exchange Trial Exhibit 91 and A 6 6 Q And you when you used this then there's a second page on the back of it 7 document counted unique visitors as different 7 which I'll explain in a second. But I would 8 individuals who visited the website of the 8 ask with reference to the first page if this 9 9 radio station during the month. Is that is the document that you used in developing 10 your discussion of the frequency with which 10 correct? 11 That was my interpretation of 11 people who visit Bonneville's websites who A 12 stream compared to the frequency of those who 12 this. 13 don't stream. 13 O And you challenge --14 14 There wasn't any particular It appears to be. It's awfully explanation provided with this document. So 15 similar, but, yes, it appears to be. 15 16 MR. JOSEPH: And actually just for that was my best inference of what was going 16 17 17 the information of the Court, the second page on. 18 And you counted Streaming Cum as 18 is simply a photo copy or blowup or the 19 numbers in most of the first page so that it's 19 the unique streamers during the month. Correct? 20 easier on everyone's eyes and easier to read. 20 21 THE WITNESS: Right. 21 A Yes, that's a common definition or 22 MR. JOSEPH: And if anyone wants 22 at least that's what I thought it was. Page 234 Page 236 to obviously can look at it and be sure of 1 And you counted Sessions over 1 2 2 there on the right-hand side as total that, but when me talk about specific numbers 3 3 streaming sessions. Correct? going back and forth. But the actual exhibit 4 4 is the first page. I'm not going to have to Yes. That was the impression 5 move it into evidence because it's already in 5 because everything on the right seemed to 6 apply to streaming. I thought that probably 6 evidence as a Sound Exchange Trial Exhibit. 7 BY MR. JOSEPH: 7 was what the sessions applied to as well. 8 And let's see. Visit Sessions was 8 Now. Dr. Brynjolfsson, just so 9 9 the total number of visits to the radio that we can understand what you did in your 10 station's website. Correct? 10 analysis of the visitors to Bonneville's 11 Yes, that's what I interpreted it 11 websites, you looked at four columns on this 12 exhibit. Correct? 12 as. That's my memory, yes. 13 And as you've said, you weren't 13 A exactly sure about what these numbers meant so 14 And you looked at unique visits. 14 Q 15 you made some assumptions. Right? 15 Yes, the first column of numbers. A 16 The first column of numbers. 16 Yes, the ones I just described. O 17 Okay. Now also I take it you 17 Visits (Sessions), the second column of assumed that each streaming session was the numbers. Right? 18 18 19 19 result of a separate visit to the website. A Yes. 20 Correct? 20 Q Streaming Cum which is --21 I don't recall which way. I think 21 After that vertical line there

22

(Indicating).

I thought of it in different ways, but I think

Page 239 four times more often than visitors who didn't that was probably the most natural way to 1 stream for an average of 4.82 sessions per 2 2 think of it, ves. 3 month and to get that 4.82 number you divided 3 Well, let's just take a look at 4 Streaming Cum into Total Streaming Sessions. what you actually testified. You testified 5 5 that visitors who streamed visited more than Correct? Yes, I believe I did. I mean four times more often for an average of 4.82 6 A 6 unfortunately I can't reproduce it right here. 7 7 sessions per month. 8 But I believe I -- I used a spreadsheet. 8 A Yes. 9 And then you say overall visitors 9 And to get to that number, you Q visited Bonneville's website an average of 1.2 must have assumed that each streaming session 10 10 times a month. Correct? You say that in your 11 was a visit to the website. Correct? 11 12 testimony. 12 Actually I think I did. Yes. 13 A Yes. 13 And to get to that 4.82 number, 14 you divided Streaming Sessions by Streaming 14 And to get that number you divided Unique Visits into Total Visits which is Visit 15 Cum. Correct? 15 16 Sessions. Right? 16 A I believe I did, yes. 17 And of course you assumed that the 17 A Yes. visit to the website for streaming would count 18. Okay. Just to pick one month as 18 an example and we'll go through and see how 19 as a visit in the Sessions column regardless 19 of whether or not the visitor launched the 20 these numbers work just so we can get an 20 21 stream. Correct? 21 understanding and I think you'll see that it's 22 22 reasonably representative as we go through. I think so, yes. A Page 240 Page 238 Well, indeed I believe you 1 I didn't pick it. Rather than sit down and 1 2 add the numbers and everybody would have it, 2 testified that you understood visits to be the 3 I just decided to work with KOAT in October. 3 number of times that any person unique or not 4 4 came to the website. Correct? Okay. 5 5 Q And let me ask you to focus on Right. A 6 6 KOAT in October. And you said that "the number of 7 KOAT in October. That's the sixth 7 streaming sessions," this is at the end of the full paragraph, "constituted an average of 8 8 line up from the bottom. more than 80 percent of the total website 9 Correct. Q sessions each month." Right? 10  $\mathbf{A}$ All right. 10 11 Sixth row up from the bottom. 11  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes. 12 12 And to get to that you divided A Yep. 13 The Unique Sessions -- I'm sorry. 13 Visit Sessions by Streaming Sessions. Right? 14 Let me rephrase that. The Streaming Sessions 14 I think I did, yes. A 15 was 63,843. Correct? 15 And similarly it's true that a visitor who streamed and therefore figured 16 It looks like it was, yes. It 16 looks like that's an eight there. 17 into Streaming Cum would count as a unique 17 Okay, and if you're looking at the visitor in the Unique Visitor column of 18 18 second page, it's easier. Yes. And the 19 19 website. Correct?

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Yes.

Streaming Cum was 12,510. Right?

And if you do the math, you get

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Presumably yes.

Now again, you say as we've just

discussed that visitors who streamed visited

Page 243 Page 241 And that leaves you with 12,108. 1 1 about 5.1 sessions per streaming person. Q 2 2 Correct? Correct? 3 3  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes.  $\mathbf{A}$ It seems to be about that, yes. 4 So as you interpret these numbers, Right. And that's pretty close to 0 4 Q your average of 4.8. Correct? 56,008 non-streaming unique visitors visited 5 5 the website of the station a total of 12,108 6 6 Yes, it is. A 7 7 Now let's look at the Total Visits times for an average of 0.22 times each. 0 8 and Unique Visitors. The Total Visits number Right? 8 9 9 was 75,951. Correct?  $\mathbf{A}$ That doesn't make much sense to 10 10 Yes, that's what it says. me. 11 But that's the natural result of 11 And the number of Unique Visitors 0 0 12 was 68,518. Right? 12 the assumptions that you've just described, 13 isn't it? 13 Yes. A 14 14 It appears to me that you did 0 And again without making you to do A 15 15 the math in your head, you'll agree that everything correct. that's roughly 1.19 visits per visitor and 16 You would agree, would you not, 16 that each Unique Visitor has the visit the 17 that's pretty close to your 1.2 average. 17 18 website at least once to count as a Unique 18 Correct? 19 Visitor? 19 A It seems about right, yes. 20 What I don't get out of this and 20  $\mathbf{A}$ That would be my expectation, yes. O 21 And while we're looking at these 21 you may be able to help me with is what your O numbers, Dr. Brynjolfsson, that you presented numbers mean for the non-streaming visitors. 22 Page 242 Page 244 Let's discuss that. 1 to Court, the way you analyzed these numbers 1 2 2 and took the columns to reach your conclusions A Yes. 3 3 about 1.2 and 4.8, you wouldn't expect any If you subtract Streaming Cum from 4 4 the Total Unique Visitors, you get the number station in any month to have more streaming 5 5 of visitors who didn't stream, right, the sessions than total website visits, would you? number of Unique Visitors who didn't stream? 6 6 Streaming sessions than total --7 7 I suppose that's right, yes. No, I wouldn't expect it. 8 8 Well, would you take a look at Okay. So that would be 68,518 0 Q 9 9 KDFC in April? minus 12,510. Right? 10 10 A KDFC in April. A Yes. And that would give you 56,008 11 And you would agree that the 11 O number of Streaming Sessions is greater than Unique Visitors who didn't stream. Correct? 12 12 13 the number of Total Visit Sessions. 13 14  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes. 14 Now if you subtract the number of 15 And if you look at KZBR in June 15 streaming sessions from the total number of you would see that the number of streaming 16 website visits for sessions you would get the 16 sessions is more than twice as much as the 17 number of visits by visitors who didn't 17 18 stream. Correct? 18 number of visits. 19 A KZBR. 19 A Right. And that if I'm not mistaken is 20 Q KZBR in June. 20 Q 21 75,951 minus 63,843. Right? 21 Yes, that's correct.  $\mathbf{A}$ 22 So you would agree, would you not, 22 Q A Yes.

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that's something fundamentally wrong with your 2 assessment that visitors to Bonneville's 3 websites who stream visited more than four times more often than those who didn't stream 5

based on these data? Well, I have to confess that the way these things are labeled doesn't appear to what they actually are. So I had to go by what was provided to me. It may be as you conjectured early on that perhaps you could have multiple sessions per visit and that would account for the difference. You would redo it that way. I think that the basic

13 14 point unless Mr. Parsons also made a mistake 15 is that people who stream come to the website

16 several times more often. These data seem to

17 say the same thing but it's going to depend on 18 how they define these values. I took them at

19 their face value and when you average them it

20 came up with a number that's not far from Mr.

21 Parsons' number. But I think he did a nice

22 analysis of certain numbers here that make me

Page 247 make sense. I mean I wish that there were 1

> 2 description of this or I wish I could have

3 talked to the people who prepared it. But

4 that's frankly what I had to deal with. They

5 have these really small items here and I did 6

the best I could to understand what they 7 meant, but I think in this particular case the 8 word "Sessions" didn't exactly mean what I

9 thought it meant.

> Dr. Brynjolfsson, did you read Roger Coryell's testimony?

#### I don't recall. Who is he?

Q Are you aware that Bonneville implemented timeout functions in its San Francisco statement so that during the period of time that you reviewed in 2005 streaming sessions were automatically terminated after three hours?

#### $\mathbf{A}$ No, I wasn't aware of that.

Were you aware that a stream listener once he or she is connected to a stream can bookmark that stream in the player

Page 246

question whether or not this column that's labeled Sessions in fact is actually what it seems to be.

Well, Dr. Brynjolfsson, you just said these data seem to say the same thing.

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Q I just want to know on the record as an expert economist.

 $\mathbf{A}$ Yes.

10 0 Are you prepared to rely on these numbers in this exhibit to support the 11 12 proposition that these numbers seem to say that visitors to Bonneville's website who 13 14 stream visit more often than visitors who 15 don't stream?

No, I would withdraw that now. I A think based on that certain of these numbers would be interpreted that way don't seem to make sense in that way. I think I probably would -- My next interpretation would probably be that you could have multiple streaming sessions per visit and that would probably

Page 248 1 software so that they can return to the stream 2 without going to the website?

# No, that could account for some of the differences. That's very helpful.

Dr. Brynjolfsson, are you aware that at least some of Bonneville's San Francisco's stations were listed on directories that took you to the stream without going to the Bonneville's station's website?

#### A No. I wasn't aware of that.

12 Now, Dr. Brynjolfsson, on pages 28 13 and 29, you report streaming revenue for 14 Bonneville stations.

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Let me just ask you whether those Q numbers include revenues from news talk and sports stations.

#### A I don't know.

20 You didn't exclude news talk and 21 sports stations, did you?

I just took the data that was

Page 251 Page 249 did my best to cite everything I used. 1 1 reported. 2 Let me ask you to please turn to 2 0 Okay. And on page 30, you report page 18 of your written rebuttal testimony. 3 3 streaming numbers for Susquehanna stations. In the paragraph marked "Finally" you discuss Do those numbers include revenues from news 4 4 how an appropriate fee metric would accomplish 5 5 talk and sports stations? 6 6 certain goals. Do you see that particularly I don't know. 7 7 in the last sentence? You didn't exclude numbers from news talk and sports stations. Correct? 8 A Yes. 8 9 9 Now it's true, is it not, that the A No, I didn't. 0 10 first goal you identify is that the rates paid 10 And in your streaming revenue numbers for Clear Channel, you didn't exclude 11 by a given company should take into account 11 12 that different companies use different amounts news talk and sports stations, did you? 12 13 of music? 13 A No. 14 O Now your Section 2.3(I) about 14  $\mathbf{A}$ Let me just see where exactly is Bonneville. 15 that. 15 It's actually three lines up from 16 16 What page is that? A the bottom of the paragraph. 17 Q It starts on page 27. 17 Yes. Yes, that's correct. 18  $\mathbf{A}$ 18 A Okay. And it's your testimony, is it 19 And it continues through page 30. 19 not, that a company who uses more music should 20 Just a simple question and it's the same 20 question I asked you at your deposition. You 21 pay more all else equal. Correct? 21 22 Yes. make a number of statements about revenue and A 22 Page 252 Page 250 1 expenses and I just want to be clear and have 1 And similarly it's true that a 2 the record be clear that those statements are 2 company that uses less music should less, 3 based entirely on the material that you cite 3 correct, all else equal? 4 in your written testimony. Correct? 4 A Yes, that would follow. 5 5 Let me ask you to turn to Part 7 Q I believe so, yes. A 6 of your testimony where you're discussing 6 And the same is true with respect 7 7 noncommercial stations. to 2.3(ii) about Susquehanna which appears 8 starting on page 30. 8 Okay. Give me a page number if A 9 Yes, I believe it is. 9 A vou can. 10 10 And the same is true about Q Page 40, sir. 11 2.3(iii) that starts on page 31 about Clear 11 Okav.  $\mathbf{A}$ Let me actually first ask you to 12 Channel. 12 turn to page 42 just to try to clear up a 13 13 A Yes, I believe it is. definitional issue. 14 O And the same is true about your 14 general statements with respect to 15 All right. Sure. 15 simulcasters appearing before in Section 2.3 16 When you're discussing the cap in 16 the middle, see just above paragraph 8. 17 before 2.3(I) on pages 26 and 27. Correct? 17 18 Sorry. About which company was 18  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes. A 19 You propose a cap for stations 19 that? Q 20 20 that average for example 20 simultaneous It wasn't any company, sir. It 21 was the general discussion on page 26. 21 listeners. 22 22 Yes, I believe so. I pretty much A Yes.

Page 255 Page 253 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Is that a And then you put in parenthesis, 1 1 2 yes? 2 14,400 ATH per month. 3 3 THE WITNESS: Yes. Sorry. Yes. 4 BY MR. JOSEPH: 4 Q Do you see that? 5 5 And that works because ATH Yes.  $\mathbf{A}$ actually is a measure of listener hours. 6 Let me just understand. Twenty 6 Q 7 Correct? 7 simultaneous listeners, is that a concept of 8 8 the average number of simultaneous listeners Yes, aggregate tuning hours. A 9 Right, and when you divide by the 9 that the station streams to? number of hours in a month you're left with a 10 10 I think I had in mind a maximum 11 number that has a unit of listeners. Right? but, you know, honestly it doesn't really 11 12 12 matter too much. A Yes. 13 Okay. Dr. Brynjolfsson, that 13 Because you actually said "that average for example." Do you see that? 14 having been cleared up, let me ask you to turn 14 to page 40. 15 A Yes, I did. 15 16 So you were -- And actually if you 16  $\mathbf{A}$ Okav. talk about 14,400 ATH --And on pages 40 and 41, you 17 17 Q discuss certain noncommercial stations. Do 18 Yes, then I guess it would be an 18 19 you see that? 19 average. Yes. 20 20 That would be an average. Right? Yes, I do. A 21 Now in each of those bullet 21 Are you familiar by the way with the term points, you it appears discuss either NPR or "average concurrent listeners"? 22 22 Page 256 Page 254 1 several NPR stations. Correct? 1 A I think I've heard that term. 2 2 Heard it in the same context as A Yes. 3 "average simultaneous listeners"? 3 And in fact if you look at the 4 list of stations that you have in there, you 4 I think so, yes. have KCRW, KPLU, WKSU, WXPN. They are 5 5 How did you get your 20? Did you actually all NPR stations, aren't they? 6 take the number of hours in the month and 6 7 multiply -- How did you get your 14,400? I'm 7 I think they all are. 8 sorry. Did you take the number of hours in 8 Now you didn't review any the month and divide it by -- in a typical financial information from any noncommercial 10 broadcasters or simulcasters other than the month and multiply it by 20? 10 NPR stations that you specifically identify in I think so. I'd have to -- Is 11 11 12 that about right? I think so. Seven hundred. 12 here. Correct? Well, 24 times 30 is 720. Right? 13 A Not that I recall. 13 14 And you haven't done any analysis That's one we can do in our heads. 14 15 Yes, right. Okay. of whether these stations that you discuss in  $\mathbf{A}$ your written rebuttal testimony in these And 20 times 720 is 14,400. 16 Q 16 bullets are representative of noncommercial 17 Right? 17 stations as a whole, have you? 18 18 A Yes. Right. 19 I didn't necessarily mean for them 19 So essentially to convert from ATH to average simultaneous listeners you divided 20 to be representative of noncommercial 21 stations. I just gave them as examples. 21 by the number of hours in a month. Correct? Now you talked about 22 22 Hm-hm.

	Page 257		Page 259
1	cannibalization on well, in this section.	1	BY MR. TAYLOR:
2	I'm trying to find exactly. You remember	2	Q Good afternoon, Dr. Brynjolfsson.
3	talking about cannibalization. Right?	3	A Good afternoon.
4	A Yes, I do.	4	Q I apologize. We're once again at
5	Q Okay. And just to be clear	5	the last minute of the day and I'm going to
6	because I believe that Mr. Smith actually made	6	try again to get through my questions as we
7	this statement but since what you say is	7	did on the deposition.
8	evidence and what he says isn't, you haven't	8	A Does this happen to you with every
9	done any quantitative study or analysis of the	9	witness?
10	cannibalization of commercial webcasters'	10	Q Tough acts to follow. Now it
11	simulcast by noncommercial webcasters or	11	would fair to say that you did not do any
12	simulcasters, have you?	12	quantitative analysis when you wrote your
13	A I've not done a quantitative study	13	statement. Is that correct?
14	of that.	14	A (Laughter.) No.
15	MR. JOSEPH: May I have a moment	15	Q Well, let me With respect to my
16	or two?	16	questions, they're going to largely pertain to
17	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Joseph,	17	Section 7, the NonComm Section.
18	just where is this in his statement?	18	A Okay.
19	MR. JOSEPH: The cannibalization	19	Q So when you wrote this part of it,
20	point?	20	as you've testified earlier, it's fair to say
21	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Yes.	21	that you didn't do any quantitative analysis
22	MR. JOSEPH: He was actually	22	with respect to Section 7 regarding
	Page 258	١.	Page 260
1	discussing that earlier. Let me see if I can		noncommercial stations.
2	find it. On page 42 the witness talks about	2	A Well, I think that the
3	"make sure that doing so interferes with as	3	quantitative analysis that I did elsewhere in
4	little as possible with what should be a	4	the report generally applies without any
5	single market rate" and then "from an economic	5	significant modification in Section 7 as it
6	" "this reduces the change that small	6	does elsewhere.
7	noncommercial stations will cannibalize the	7	Q But with respect to the specific
8	webcasters, the webcasting market more	8	statements that you make in Section 7, you did
9	generally." That was what I was referring to	9	not do any quantitative analysis to support
10	and I had trouble finding. Thank you, Your	10	those statements.
11	Honor.	11	A Do you have a particular statement
12	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: I am anxious	12	in mind?
13	to see what Mr. Webster says about that word.	13	Q Sure. How about let's start with
14	MR. JOSEPH: As I asked, may I	14	"Many noncommercial stations increasingly resemble commercial stations."
15	have a moment or two, Your Honor, just to be	15	
16	sure I'm done?	16	JUDGE ROBERTS: Where is that?
17	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Yes sir.	17	MR. TAYLOR: I'm sorry. That is
18	(Pause.)	18	in the second paragraph.
19	MR. JOSEPH: Nothing further for	19	THE WITNESS: Right. So I support
20	T7 TT		
	now, Your Honor.	20	that with the, what is that, five specific
21 22	now, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Taylor.  CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.)	20 21 22	bullet points after that. That's the analysis that I provided for that.

Page 264

Page 261 have any other lists with respect to 1 1 BY MR. TAYLOR: 2 noncommercial stations? 2 But you didn't do any quantitative 3 3 analysis comparing any of the noncommercial Do I have any -- No, not that I stations to each other, did you? 4 4 can think of. 5 Okay. Do you consider what you 5 You know, I have to confess that 0 did to support your statement here or the work 6 6 this use of the word "quantitative analysis," 7 that you did with respect to your statement 7 I mean there's numbers there. I've analyzed 8 here, do you consider that to be a 8 it. You don't know whether you want to call 9 9 comprehensive study of noncommercial stations? that a quantitative analysis. I feel maybe uncomfortable with that. Is there some kind 10 The work that I did to support 10 11 of a special meaning to this? But we looked 11 this analysis mostly is reflected in the rest 12 of the report. It's not meant to be self 12 at the number of listeners there, for 13 contained as a separate analysis. So I would 13 instance, in the first bullet point, etc. I 14 14 say that overall analysis is comprehensive, don't know whether you want to call that a 15 quantitative analysis, but that's what it is. 15 yes. 16 But let's be specific to Section 16 Did you compile a list of Q noncommercial stations? 17 7. 17 18 Comply a list? Not an exhaustive 18  $\mathbf{A}$ All right. A 19 19 Did you do a comprehensive study list certainly. 20 Did you comply any list of 20 of noncommercial stations when you made your Q 21 21 statement that "many noncommercial stations noncommercial stations? 22 22 increasingly resemble commercial stations"? Yes, there's a list right here in A Page 262 1 here. There's a list of several of them. 1 A I did the study that I reported 2 2 And you -- And did you consider here. I call that maybe moderately 3 the revenues other than these that you have 3 comprehensive. 4 here? Did you comply a list of any other 4 Okay. So can you tell me how many 5 noncommercial stations? 5 noncommercial stations the FCC has licensed? 6 You know my team, we did look at a 6 No, I don't know how many.  $\mathbf{A}$ 7 7 Could you tell me then how many bunch of stations. I don't think we included 8 8 noncommercial stations are affiliated with every single thing that we looked at in the 9 report. This is meant to be just some 9 NPR? 10 10 examples. A No, I don't know how many. 11 So are you saying that you have 11 How about Collegiate Radio Q documents that reflect the fact that you have Broadcasters? Can you tell how many 12 12 13 other lists? 13 noncommercial stations there are for the 14 14 Collegiate Radio Broadcasters? A I don't recall. I recall visiting 15 a lot of the websites and looking at 15  $\mathbf{A}$ No. How about -- Can you tell us how 16 financials. In general these, NPR and other 16 Q stations, they just report the stuff right on 17 17 many NPR stations are online?

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Q

 $\mathbf{A}$ 

Q

looked at were online.

I don't know the exact number, no.

Do you think -- And how many would

Do you know a rough number?

Pretty much all the ones that I

18

19 20

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22

Q

the website. Anyone can read it. I remember

looking through various documents and I've

reproduced that ones that I needed to report -

Going back to my question, do you

		Page 265		Page
1	that be	that you looked at?	1	
2	$\mathbf{A}$	Maybe a dozen or so.	2	
3	Q	So is it your testimony here	3	here. I'm not sure. I think it may be KPI
4	sitting	today that there are only a dozen NPR	4	4 but I'm not sure.
5	stations	s online?	5	Now you say "Some noncommercial
6	$\mathbf{A}$	No, it's my testimony that	6	stations have large streaming office."
7	everyo	one that I looked at was online. But I	7	7 A "Audiences."
8	_	claim that that was a representative	8	Q "Audiences," excuse me.
9	sampli	ing.	9	A Yes.
10	Q	But you can't tell us exactly how	10	Q When you say "some" exactly how
11	NPR st	tations are online.	11	1 many stations would that be?
12	$\mathbf{A}$	That's correct.	12	A I don't have an exact number.
13	Q	And can you tell us how many of	13	Q In that paragraph that's
14	these N	JPR stations may be streaming music?	14	4 discussing the large audiences.
15	$\mathbf{A}$	I don't know that exact number,	15	5 A Yes.
16	no.	ŕ	16	6 Q I think you cite KPLU as an NPR
17	Q	Do you know a rough number?	17	7 station that boasts 500,000 listeners per
18	À	No, I don't really know.	18	8 month.
19	Q	Do you know how many of these	19	9 A Yes.
20	stations	s would be simulcasting?	20	Q So KPLU is an example of a large
21	$\mathbf{A}$	I know at least the ones I visited	21	
22	were, t	but that's really all I can say with	22	<u> </u>
-				
		Page 266		Page
1	certain	ty.	1	
2	Q	So in your statement on page 40.	2	
3	$\mathbf{A}$	Yes.	3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
4	Q	When you say, "Many NPR stations	4	
5		st a significant amount of music" you	5	•
6	can't qu	antify that amount, can you?	6	representative of audience sizes for other NP
7	$\mathbf{A}$	Which bullet was that?	7	stations?
8	Q	I think it's the second bullet,	8	1 0
9		and sentence for example. "Many NPR	9	•
10		simulcast a significant amount of	10	1 / /
11	music."		11	` '
12	$\mathbf{A}$	Yes. Well, many do. Yes, I	12	2 audience size is for NPR member stations?
13	Q	Can you quantify that amount for	13	,
14	us?		14	
15	$\mathbf{A}$	I can't put an specific number on	15	
16	it, no.		16	developing a digital music distribution
17	Q	Now going up to the top bullet	17	7 portal."
•	thana an	n page 40 and without saying the	18	3 A Yes.
18	mere on		19	Q And I think I'll also refer you to
1		, you provide the aggregate tuning hours	19	And I mink I if also refer you to
18	number,	, you provide the aggregate tuning hours ation. Do you see that number?	20	•
18 19	number,			Exhibit 212 which you
18 19 20	number, for a sta	ntion. Do you see that number?	20	Exhibit 212 which you  A Right.

Page 271 Page 269 You see "permanently restricted." 1 Q A Yes. 2 Did you verify the accuracy of the A Q press release? 3 3 O Do you want to refresh? 4 A Okay. Got it. 4 No. A 5 So those are contributions and 5 0 So do you know sitting here today that NPR is still engaged or about to launch 6 other inflows of assets whose use is limited 6 7 by donor imposed stipulations. a music website portal? 7 8 Right. I think I read about that 8 No, that's what they said they 9 9 in the news at one point. Yes. were doing. 10 Okay. So those -- So it's your 10 But sitting here today, do you know whether or not NPR is still planning to 11 understanding that that \$200 million is freely 11 12 available for NPR's use. 12 launch a music portal? 13 Well, apparently the income may be 13 No, I don't know if they're still 14 used, yes. 14 planning to do that. 15 15 Q But the \$200 -- The principal, is Later in your testimony, I think 16 the principal available? 16 it's the second paragraph, you state that NPR 17 has \$400 million in assets. Is that correct? 17 Yes. Apparently, they preserved 18  $\mathbf{A}$ Yes. 18 the principal -- I mean I know a lot of 19 19 organizations, I know MIT, sadly doesn't spend Isn't it true that almost half of 20 that amount is permanently restricted? 20 its principal. They only spend the interest 21 21 on that for faculty salaries and whatnot and A It may be. 22 22 it appears to be a similar policy at NPR, Q What is your understanding -- when Page 272 Page 270 1 I say "permanently restricted" what 1 legal fees and whatnot. 2 understanding do you have? 2 And you mentioned the news. Were 3 I remember looking at the balance 3 you also aware that almost \$2 million was 4 4 sheet and the income statement. I think I may donated by an individual who is "a news junkie" and in support of NPR's educational 5 5 even listed it here and it did list different 6 6 kinds of columns of different types of assets, mission? Were you aware of that? 7 7 short term, long term, restricted, so forth. A No, I'm not a news junkie. 8 But for the benefit of the record, 8 Q Sorry? does permanently restricted have any specific 9  $\mathbf{A}$ I guess I'm not a news junkie. 10 10 meaning to you? Now in that same paragraph you 0 11 You know, no. For the purposes of 11 discuss WAMU. 12 this, I mean whether it's \$200 million or \$400 12 A Yes. 13 13 million that's not really my point. Do you know what market WAMU Q 14 Okay. But why don't you turn to 14 serves? 15 page 5 of that exhibit? 15 I think American University. Yes, I think it's probably around here. Right? 16 A Yes. Okay. Which one is that? SX 16 17 213 17 Washington. 18 Q 213. 18 And is it that -- Can I take that 19 Okav. 19 you've educated yourself since our deposition?  $\mathbf{A}$ And if you look under No. 2, 20 20 You know, I actually heard it in Classification of Net Assets. 21 21 the taxicab at some point here. So that 22 Yes. 22 helped. A

•			<del></del>	U
		Page 273	1 .	Page 275
	1	Q That's fair enough. You note here	1	page 6.
	2	that the station has \$590,000 in excess from	2	A Right.
	3	its expenditure revenues to expenditures.	3	Q And it says "For the year ended
	4	A Yes, \$480,000 \$5,000 right.	4	April 30, 2004 the university agreed to"
	5	Isn't that what?	5	A services stuff, yeah.
	6	Q No. I think	6	Q "The university agreed to waive
	7	A Oh no. That's XPN. Yes, MU,	7	the charges"
	8	sorry. Where exactly you want me to	8	A Right.
	9	Q I just said you note that	9	Q "to WAMU for the cost of the
	10	A Oh yeah. For AMU, it's \$590,000.	10	indirect services."
	11	Right. Sorry. Yes.	11	A Yes, exactly.
	12	Q And isn't it true that in previous	12	Q "In the amount of \$1.378 million."
	13	years the station had run a sufficient loss?	13	A Yes, I remember that.
•	14	A A sufficient loss? It's possible.	14	Q And I think you may have already
	15	I'm not sure what you mean, but it's possible	15	answered this but just to make sure we have
	16	it had a loss. Yes.	16	everything covered here, isn't it true that
	17	Q Well, I mean if it had a loss I	17	you have not conducted any studies relating to
	18	mean if you turn to page 4.	18	your theory that cannibalization is occurring
	19	A Of what?	19	in the webcast market between noncommercial
	20	Q Of Exhibit 202.	20	broadcasters and the commercial market?
) :.	21	A 202, yes.	21	A Well, my study is very, very
	22	Q And you look down under the 2004	22	brief. I can do it all for you right here
			<del> </del>	
	1	Page 274 column, cash at the beginning of the year.	1	which is that they have they're selling an
	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	A Yes.	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	identical digital good and I know
• •	3	Q It has nothing there. So isn't it	3	Q Dr. Brynjolfsson, isn't it true
٠,	4	true that those losses, that the lack of cash	4	that you have not conducted any study?
	5	on hand, reflects the fact that they did in	5	MR. SMITH: Objection. Your
	6	fact run losses for the previous years?	6	Honor, he interrupted him in the middle of his
	7	A Not necessarily, but it may well	7	answer.
	8	be, yes.	8	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Overruled.
•	9	Q Okay.	9	BY MR. TAYLOR:
	10	A It's not really I don't see	10	Q Yes or no?
	111	that it would be relevant.	11	A I have done a study, yes.
	12	Q And isn't it also true that WAMU	12	Q Okay. Dr. Brynjolfsson, I'm going
	13	although its position improved the university	13	to read part of your deposition back to you.
•	14	had to forgive almost \$1.4 million later that	14	"Have you conducted any studies relating to
;	15	year for fees that it had assessed the	15	your theory that cannibalization occurred in
	16	station?	16	the web"
	17	A I think I did see something to	17	A What page please?
	18	that effect in here somewhere. But I think I	18	MR. SMITH: Line and page number
	19	saw something about university in-kind	19	before you read it.
, (	20	donation or something. Was there a reference	1	MR. TAYLOR: On 198.
	21	to that?	21	MR. SMITH: What line?
	22	Q I think the exact reference is on	22	MR. SMITH: Line 21.
	1		1	

1	Page 277		Page 279
1	BY MR. TAYLOR:	1	that since I would if I had time here but
2	Q "Have you conducted any studies	2	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.
3	relating to your"	3	Mr. Smith, any further questions?
4	A Wait a minute. I don't see that	4	PARTICIPANT: Your Honor?
5	on page 198 line 21.	5	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Yes.
6	Q Are you looking at Services	6	PARTICIPANT: We have another
7	Rebuttal Exhibit 3?	7	participant here.
8	A So this is the other document?	8	MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Your Honor
9	Q This is the official document.	9	(Inaudible.)
10	A The initial one? The one with the	10	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Can't hear
111	really small print. Okay. 198, the other	11	you. You have to come up to the podium.
12	198. Okay. Sorry. What line?	12	MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: I am Rick
13	Q "Have you conducted any studies	13	Dumas-Eymard. I'm here representing
14	relating to your theory that cannibalization	14	Collegiate Broadcasters Inc. and I wonder if
1	<del>-</del> •	15	I could have five minutes of the Court to ask
15	occurs in the webcasting market between	1	
16	noncommercial broadcasters and the commercial	16	a few questions of the witness.
17	market?"	17	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Have you
18	A I'm sorry. What line is that?	18	filed an appearance in this proceeding?
19	Q I'm sorry. I'm having so much fun	19	MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, I have,
20	reading this. Line 21.	20	Your Honor.
21	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: There isn't	21	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: When and how?
22	any such testimony on line 21, page 198.	22	MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: It was filed by
	Page 278	<del>                                     </del>	Page 280
1	THE WITNESS: If you're looking at	1	our paralegal this past week. I have a copy
2	the page numbers at the bottom of the page.	2	of my appearance here.
3	Right?	3	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Let me see
4	(Off the record discussion.)	4	that.
5	BY MR. TAYLOR:	5	(Judge proffers document.)
6	Q So have you found it, Dr.	6	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: And you
7	•	i o	
		7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	Brynjolfsson? It is in fact in mid sentence.	7	represent this has been filed.
8	A Okay. I see. It's the question	8	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed
8 9	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?	8 9	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.
8 9 10	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the	8 9 10	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.
8 9 10 11	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.	8 9 10 11	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again,
8 9 10 11 12	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay.	8 9 10 11 12	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?
8 9 10 11 12 13	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay. In the middle of Line 21, "Have you have	8 9 10 11 12 13	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, my name is
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay. In the middle of Line 21, "Have you have conducted any studies," yes, etc.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, my name is Rick Dumas Eymard.
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay. In the middle of Line 21, "Have you have conducted any studies," yes, etc.  Q And so and you said, "I haven't	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, my name is Rick Dumas Eymard.  CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.)
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay. In the middle of Line 21, "Have you have conducted any studies," yes, etc.  Q And so and you said, "I haven't done any quan studies no. Was that your	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, my name is Rick Dumas Eymard.  CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.)  BY MR. DUMAS-EYMARD:
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8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay. In the middle of Line 21, "Have you have conducted any studies," yes, etc.  Q And so and you said, "I haven't done any quan studies no. Was that your	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, my name is Rick Dumas Eymard.  CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.)  BY MR. DUMAS-EYMARD:  Q Good afternoon, Professor Dumas-Eymard.
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay. In the middle of Line 21, "Have you have conducted any studies," yes, etc.  Q And so and you said, "I haven't done any quan studies no. Was that your statement, sir?  A Yes, I think that was my statement, yes.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, my name is Rick Dumas Eymard.  CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.)  BY MR. DUMAS-EYMARD:  Q Good afternoon, Professor Dumas-Eymard.  A Good afternoon.
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay. In the middle of Line 21, "Have you have conducted any studies," yes, etc.  Q And so and you said, "I haven't done any quan studies no. Was that your statement, sir?  A Yes, I think that was my statement, yes.  MR. TAYLOR: Nothing further.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, my name is Rick Dumas Eymard.  CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.)  BY MR. DUMAS-EYMARD:  Q Good afternoon, Professor Dumas-Eymard.  A Good afternoon.  Q You'll be relieved that I'll not
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay. In the middle of Line 21, "Have you have conducted any studies," yes, etc.  Q And so and you said, "I haven't done any quan studies no. Was that your statement, sir?  A Yes, I think that was my statement, yes.  MR. TAYLOR: Nothing further. THE WITNESS: Just I think it's	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, my name is Rick Dumas Eymard.  CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.)  BY MR. DUMAS-EYMARD:  Q Good afternoon, Professor Dumas-Eymard.  A Good afternoon.  Q You'll be relieved that I'll not be keeping you very long here. Professor
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A Okay. I see. It's the question starting on line 20. Right?  Q Yes. Twenty-one is where the question begins, but 20 yes.  A Twenty is where the Q is. Okay. In the middle of Line 21, "Have you have conducted any studies," yes, etc.  Q And so and you said, "I haven't done any quan studies no. Was that your statement, sir?  A Yes, I think that was my statement, yes.  MR. TAYLOR: Nothing further.	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	represent this has been filed.  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: This is filed this past week, Your Honor.  CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: All right.  Please proceed. Can we have your name again, sir?  MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Yes, my name is Rick Dumas Eymard.  CROSS EXAMINATION (Cont'd.)  BY MR. DUMAS-EYMARD:  Q Good afternoon, Professor Dumas-Eymard.  A Good afternoon.  Q You'll be relieved that I'll not

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noncommercial stations increasingly resemble commercial stations?

Yes, I do. A

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Q According to your written testimony?

> Yes, I do. A

7 In making that statement, were you Q 8 referring in particular to Collegiate 9 Broadcasters?

10 Not in particular to Collegiate A 11 Broadcasters, no.

Did you consider Collegiate Broadcasters in making that conclusion?

Yes. I did.

Q Could you tell me? You list five ways in which noncommercial broadcasters or webcasters increasingly resemble commercial webcasters. Could you indicate in particular whether your point that some noncommercial stations have very large streaming audiences applies to Collegiate Broadcasters?

Sure. I believe WHRB is a

Page 283 the comments I make about resources of NPR

2 stations would also apply to certain 3 collegiate stations. So it looks like if you 4 go through them all, the bullets, I guess all of them apply to some extent.

Do you remember stating, Professor Brynjolfsson, that recent industry entry activity especially by simulcasters corroborates that the existing rate is not too high?

A Yes, I do remember saying that.

When you made that statement, were 0 you considering educational stations?

Not specifically. My economic model really is meant to apply to any kind of a station insofar as they have similar products that they're selling and similar revenue sources and similar costs. I think my analysis would apply regardless of the particular type of station.

But you are not aware of specific examples of collegiate simulcasters entering

Page 282

collegiate broadcaster from Harvard radio

2 broadcasting. I listen to them from time to

3 time. I believe, point no. 1, they have a

4 large streaming audience. They have a

5 worldwide streaming audience and they compete

6 with, point no. 2, they simulcast significant

7 amounts of music and so I think point no. 3,

they sell underwriting a sponsor. Actually,

I recently visited WHRB. They're a little

10 more blunt. I believe they actually have a

11 button that says "Advertise Here." So it's

12 not just underwriting sponsorships. It's

really advertising directly. In that sense, 13

14 it's directly the same. Point No. 4, side

15 channels, I think I saw at WBUR that they have

16 a side channel. I can't remember for sure.

17 That's Boston University radio. Maybe HRB

18 does too. I can't remember for sure.

> And enormous resources and I'm not sure what the distinction you should make. WBUR, I believe that's Boston University, but

I also think it's a NPR station. So some of

1 the market recently?

> I didn't make that distinction when I was doing the analysis and I don't think any of my analyses would vary based on that distinction.

Do you also recall stating that webcasters and simulcasters will enjoy a large windfall in the economic grants they receive if a current rate is not appropriately increased?

> $\mathbf{A}$ Yes, I do.

Were you considering educational broadcasters when you made that statement?

Not specifically, but I believe they are subject to the same economics, largely the same economics, as other type of internet webcasters.

18 But you did not make any specific 19 research or analysis of that point before 20 reaching this conclusion.

A I didn't do a separate analysis for them. No, I did not.

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Page 287 Page 285 MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Thank you, Your On the other hand, if they earned 1 1 2 2 more, the record labels would benefit. So Honor. I have nothing further. 3 3 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Smith? they would basically share some of the 4 4 MR. SMITH: I just have one thing downside and some of the upside, not all of 5 the downside and not all of the upside but 5 I wanted to clarify, Your Honor. 6 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 6 some of it. So in that sense, it's improved 7 7 BY MR. SMITH: risk sharing. 8 Q Professor, Mr. Sugarman ended his 8 MR. SMITH: Thank you. 9 9 examination of you by asking about your CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Sugarman? 10 10 discussion on page 43 of the flexible rate MR. SUGARMAN: I don't have 11 structure where you would have per performance 11 anything further, Your Honor. 12 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Joseph? 12 floor and an upside of revenue sharing on a 13 MR. JOSEPH: Nothing further, Your 13 percentage basis. 14 14 Honor. A Yes. 15 Do you recall that? 15 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Taylor? 16 16 MR. TAYLOR: Very briefly, Your Yes, I do. 17 And can you tell us why you think 17 Honor. 18 that proposal offers improved risk sharing 18 RECROSS EXAMINATION compared to having just one of those 19 19 BY MR. TAYLOR: 20 components? 20 Dr. Brynjolfsson, in responding to 21 21 your statements concerning the advertising Sure. If you were to say only 22 have the revenue share, then there would be a 22 button for college broadcasters and the Page 288 Page 286 1 economics of noncommercial broadcasting being significant risk born by the owners of the 2 2 similar to commercial broadcasters and you did sound recordings, the record labels, that a 3 3 company could find a way to monetize the value not consider that part of that distinction in 4 4 your model -of those sound recordings in a way that wasn't 5 5 recorded and didn't accrue to the record CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Smith. 6 6 labels. For instance, they could achieve some MR. SMITH: I'm going to object to 7 7 the question. It's outside the scope of the sort of spillover benefits or for that matter 8 8 they could just have high managerial salaries redirect. CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: What or inefficiently run. So there would be a 9 10 10 real risk that a company would report zero questions are you referring to when you're 11 accounting profits yet still be benefitting 11 asking those questions? 12 other way. So having a floor helps prevent 12 MR. TAYLOR: He made a clear 13 that and mitigate the risk of that happening. 13 statement under examination by CBI that that 14 his analysis was applicable to noncommercial 14 Similarly, by having the rate 15 broadcasters because he did not draw a 15 adjustable what we did was we actually lowered 16 distinction between the two of them and I just 16 the per play rate that would be charged to the 17 wanted to test that statement. 17 webcasters and instead had it be in part a 18 function of the overall revenues that they 18 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Objection 19 19 earned. That way if the webcasters earned sustained. 20 MR. TAYLOR: I have nothing 20 somewhat less than my projections were, they 21 21 further. would not have to pay as much down to that CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Dumas-22 22 floor.

Page 291 Page 289 simulcasters. 1 1 Eymard? JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Well, maybe you 2 2 MR. DUMAS-EYMARD: Nothing. 3 can help me out here. That's where I'm having 3 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Any questions a little bit of trouble making a distinction. 4 from the bench? 5 JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Yes. Just one 5 THE WITNESS: Yes. 6 JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: In terms of the 6 question since we're on the subject of page 7 example that you gave that society might 7 42, Mr. Brynjolfsson. benefit from the educational value of this. 8 8 THE WITNESS: Yes. 9 THE WITNESS: Yes. 9 JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: You start 10 JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: If society has 10 talking about at the top of that first full paragraph that if we elect to set a separate 11 such a benefit, wouldn't that be part of the 11 welfare calculation there and therefore an 12 royalty rate for very small noncommercial 12 economic analysis? 13 13 stations streaming for non-economic reasons 14 and then you go on to talk about making sure 14 THE WITNESS: Not as I understand it. I mean maybe I might have -- didn't read 15 15 that doesn't impact the commercial rates the rules carefully enough but I was basically 16 apparently based on the economic reasons. 16 17 17 applying what a willing buyer and willing THE WITNESS: Yes. 18 seller would agree to and so that was the 18 JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: What non-19 economic reasons did you have in mind here? 19 analysis that I was applying. 20 JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Thank you. So 20 THE WITNESS: It is possible that 21 21 when you say "non-economic analysis" you're for some public policy reasons you'd want to 22 referring to nonapplicable standard analysis. 22 subsidize small collegiate broadcasters and Page 292 Page 290 rather than do that through general revenues 1 Is that what we should interpret that 1 2 2 sentence? ask the owners of sound recording copyrights 3 3 to provide their services at a discounted THE WITNESS: Actually a good 4 amount to those people. 4 point. You're right. An economist, you're 5 5 right. That is a good clarification. You're JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: What kind of 6 public policy reasons? Could you give me an 6 right. An economist might say that we have 7 welfare reasons and there's economic benefits. 7 example? 8 THE WITNESS: Sure. We do lots of 8 So that would be a better way of grazing it. 9 9 I meant that the economic analysis that I did things to try to encourage and support college 10 in terms of the willing buyer/willing seller 10 education and maybe encourage small businesses 11 standard. 11 and a variety. There are political reasons 12 and social reasons you might want to do that. 12 JUDGE WISNIEWSKI: Thank you. 13 13 It would not be something -- If you literally THE WITNESS: Sure. 14 JUDGE ROBERTS: Picking up on that 14 followed the willing buyer/willing seller same point, why wouldn't a seller take into 15 standard, I don't think it's something that a 15 consideration the special circumstances of say willing seller would willingly do. But I 16 16 17 a collegiate broadcaster? Can't there be some 17 could imagine that there may be other reasons, 18 reasons that they might (Inaudible.) mentioned 18 non-economic reasons you would want to do that 19 on a policy side political reasons. Couldn't 19 and then I think it could be done as I 20 that be part of a willing buyer/willing seller 20 prescribe here in a way that wouldn't be

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particularly harmful to the sellers or to that

matter to the other commercial broadcasters or

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dynamic?

THE WITNESS: Yes. Certainly one

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could imagine that the seller was motivated 2 for something other than a profit motive and 3 liked a particular political point of view or liked a particular group of people or ethnic 5 group or whatever and might decide to provide special terms to them with the bounds of the 6 law. So I didn't include that type of 7 8 reasoning. It's conceivable that a willing 9

seller would do that sort of thing. 10 In this case, my analysis would be that because the goods are digital identical goods that it's much more costly, much more 12 13 harmful, because of the threat of 14 substitution. In many cases, you could give away something to one group and it wouldn't 15 16 hurt your other markets. In this case, if you were to give a reduced rate to one group, my judgment it would be a high risk that your 19 other markets would be directly affected. So 20 they would have to have a strong perhaps nonfinancial motive for doing that and I didn't include any such type of motive in my

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to explain that to my wife tonight when I go 1 2 home. This is what we were talking about. You give out a for-example what the cap could 3 4 be. 5

THE WITNESS: Yes.

JUDGE ROBERTS: But do you have any particular basis or foundation for what a cap really should be? I mean just throwing out a 20 simultaneous listeners by way of example I'm not seeing any particular support for that other than this could be one of the myriad of ways you might do it.

THE WITNESS: Yes, there isn't a strong economic analysis for this because essentially if you were to do just literally basic on the economics of it I think that wouldn't do it all. The cap would be zero. So my sense is that you could put a cap of 20 without doing a whole lot, having a whole lot of financial costs to them and that number looking at the testimony of Mr. Robedee would be enough apparently to cover a lot of the

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analysis.

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JUDGE ROBERTS: Does it necessarily have to be a nonfinancial motive? Couldn't it be a situation of a willing seller saying "If I don't adjust my price for this particular group, I might run the decided risk of legislation, litigation. These kind of things could seriously affect my profits and therefore for an economic reason I'm going to adjust the rate"?

THE WITNESS: Yes, I think that's possible. I mean it's sort of a gray area there in terms of it wouldn't be directly something they would do to maximize profits but something that they would do in order to enhance their public image or as you say, avoid litigation. That could certainly be possible.

JUDGE ROBERTS: And I also had a question about the anti-cannibalization cap.

21 THE WITNESS: Yes.

JUDGE ROBERTS: I'm going to have

1 small noncommercial ones.

> 2 So it seemed to be something that 3 in my mind struck a balance between on one 4 hand not doing any really significant

financial damage to the other webcasters or 5 6 the record labels, yet still covering a large

7 number of these smaller noncommercial

8 stations. But there's no -- I could easily 9

see that number being 30 or I could see it being 15. I don't think that -- I wouldn't be 10

11 wedded to the exact number 20. But that's the 12

balance that I was trying to strike.

JUDGE ROBERTS: Thank you. 13 14 CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Any questions

as a result of those from the bench? 15

16 MR. SUGARMAN: No Your Honor.

17 MR. SMITH: No Your Honor. 18

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Thank you,

sir. That completes your testimony.

THE WITNESS: Thank you. 20

21 (Witness excused.)

CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: Mr. Smith, we

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		7
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1	continue with Mr. Griffin tomorrow.	
2	MR. SMITH: We do, Your Honor.	
3	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: And you	
4	expect him to take all day.	
5	MR. SMITH: I believe it will take	
6	a large percentage of the day. I don't know	<u>,</u>
7	if it will go as long as this, but hopefully	·
8	not.	
9	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: No one else	
10	is available to fill in tomorrow?	
11	MR. SMITH: No Your Honor. I	
12	think most people were hoping we might leave	
13	a little earlier than 5:00 p.m. tomorrow.	
14	CHIEF JUDGE SLEDGE: We adjourn	
15	until 9:30 a.m. tomorrow. Off the record.	
16	(Whereupon, at 5:09 p.m., the	
17	above-entitled matter was concluded.)	
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